BOARD'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS:

Your Directors are delighted in presenting the Twenty Ninth Annual Report of the Company together with its Audited Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2018 and the Balance Sheet as on that date.

1. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS:

The financial/operational highlights of the Company for financial year 2017-18 are summarized below:

PARTICULARS	2017-18 Rs. Lakhs	March 19 19 1
Total Revenue	21,652.86	
Profit/Loss Before Interest, Depreciation, Exceptional Items & Tax	3,628,25	
Less: Depreciation	5892.68	6,003.18
Less: Interest	13,874.09	
Less: Exceptional Items		
Net Profit/(Loss) Before Tax	(16,138.52)	(14,762.56)
Less: Taxation Expenses		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Current Tax (MAT) Minimum Alternate Tax Credit Deferred Tax	807.50	(4,332.98)
Net Profit/(Loss) After Tax	(16,946.02)	(10,429.58)
OT I THE		

2. STATE OF AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY AND BUSINESS OVERVIEW:

The total revenue for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2018 stood at Rs. 21,652.86 Lakh, as compared to Rs. 22,223.38 Lakhs for the

financial year ended 31st March, 2017, representing a decline of 2.57%, whereas the revenue from operations has been increased by 1.25%.

Total Income from Hotel Business for the year ended 31st March, 2018 stood at Rs. 16,074.98 Lakh Compare to Rs. 15,635.05 Lakh in previous year, recorded increase of 2.81% as compared to previous year.

The Loss before tax stood at Rs. 16,138.52 Lakhs as compared Loss before tax Rs 14,762.56 Lakhs in the previous year and the loss after tax was Rs 16,946.02 Lakhs as compared to Loss after tax of Rs. 10,429,58 Lakhs in the previous year.

SHARE CAPITAL:

1,40,00,000 Preference Shares of Rs. 10/- each were allotted during Financial Year 2017-18.

Hence, as on 31st March, 2018 the Share Capital stands as under:

Authorised: Rs. 75,000 Lakhs divided into 700 Lakhs equity Shares of Rs.10/- each and 6,800 Lakhs Preference Shares of Rs. 10 each.

Paid-Up: Rs. 64,361.20 Lakhs divided into 571.12 Lakhs Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each and 5,865 Lakhs Preference Shares of Rs. 10/- each.

4. RESERVES & SURPLUS:

The Company has carried a deficit amount of Rs. 16,946.02 Lakhs to reserves during the financial year under review. The Reserves & Surplus stood at Rs. (18,905.73) Lakhs as on 31st March, 2018 as compared to Rs. (1,961.80) Lakhs as on 31st March, 2017.

DIVIDEND:

In view of accumulated losses of the Company the Directors regret their inability to declare any dividend for the Financial Year 2017-18.

6. LOAN, GUARANTEES AND INVESTMENT:

During the year under review the Company has not given any loan or guarantee or has not provided any security to any person or other body Corporate. Further, during the year under review no investments were made by the Company.

7. PUBLIC DEPOSIT:

The Company has not invited or accepted any public deposit during the year.

8. DETAILS OF SUBSIDIARY, HOLDING AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES:

The Company does not have any subsidiary, joint venture and associate Companies. However The Company is wholly owned subsidiary of Sahara Prime City Limited.

9. CHANGE IN THE NATURE OF BUSINESS:

There is no change in the Nature of business during the financial year to which this report relates.

10. INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEM AND ITS ADEQUACY:

The Company's internal control systems are commensurate with the nature of its business and the size and complexity of operations. These systems are routinely tested and certified by Statutory as well as Internal Auditors. Significant audit observations and follow up actions thereon are reported to the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee reviews adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's internal control environment and monitors the implementation of audit recommendations, including those relating to strengthening of the Company's risk management systems.

The cost records as specified by the Central Government under subsection (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013, are not applicable on your Company.

11. VIGIL MECHANISM:

The Company has in place Vigil Mechanism Policy to provide a mechanism for the Directors and employees to report genuine concerns about any unethical behavior, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the Company's Code of Conduct. The provisions of this policy are in line with the provisions of Section 177 (9) of the Companies Act 2013. The Vigil Mechanism Policy of the Company is available on the Company's website also and can be accessed at the following web-link www.saharastar.com

12. EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN:

The details forming part of the extract of the Annual Return in form MGT-9 is annexed herewith as **Annexure I.** The Annual Return of the Company is available on the Company's website also and can be accessed at the following web-link www.saharastar.com

13. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY:

On the recommendation of the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee, the Board had formulated the Corporate Social Responsibility Policy ("CSR Policy") of the Company. As per the parameters outlined in the Act, there was no requirement for your Company to make any expenditure in CSR activities during financial year 2017-18, further details of the same are set out in Annexure II. The updated CSR Policy of the Company is available on the Company's website and can be accessed at the following web-link www.saharastar.com

14. CONTRACT AND ARRANGEMENT WITH RELATED PARTIES:

All Related Party Transactions (RPTs) that were entered into during the financial year were in the ordinary course of business and carried on at an arm's length basis. Accordingly, the disclosure of Related Party Transactions as required under Section 134(3)(h) of the Companies Act, 2013 in Form AOC 2 is not applicable. However, requisite approval of the Audit Committee and the Board was obtained.

15. RISK MANAGEMENT:

The Board has adopted a Risk Management Policy, pursuant to the provisions of Section 134 of the Act, wherein all material business risks and opportunity faced by the Company are identified and assessed. For each of the Risks identified in the policy, corresponding controls are assessed and policies and procedure are put in place for monitoring, mitigating and reporting risk on a periodic basis. This framework seeks to create transparency, minimize adverse impact on business objective and enhance the Company's competitive advantage.

16. BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL:

Vacation of office:

Pursuant to provision of Section 167 of the Companies Act, 2013 offices of Mr. Subrata Roy Sahara (DIN 00431905) and Mr. Seemanto Roy (DIN 0183666), Directors were vacated w.e.f. 13th June 2017.

Appointments:

In terms of Section 161 of the Companies Act, 2013 the Board of Director of the Company vide Board Meeting dated 27th February 2018, had appointed Mrs. Sadhana Sanyal (DIN No. 07264023) and Mr. Govind Verma (DIN No. 02851881) as Additional Directors of the Company.

In terms of Section 203 of the Companies Act, 2013 the Board of Director of the Company vide Board Meeting dated 27th February 2018, had appointed Mr. Muneesh Sodhi as Chief Executive Officer of the Company.

Retire by Rotation:

In accordance with the Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013, two thirds of the Board, excluding independent directors, should be of directors retiring by rotation Shri. Om Prakash Srivastava, being longest in the office of Director is liable to retire by rotation at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting and has offered himself for reappointment. The Board recommends his re-appointment.

Change in Designation:

In accordance with the Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013, Mr. Joy Broto Roy (DIN: 00432043), who was appointed as an Additional

Director of the Company had been appointed as Directors of the Company in the Annual General meeting of the Company held on 29th September 2017.

Resignation:

Mrs. Samreen Zaidi (DIN: 02039860) resigned from the Board of the Company w.e.f. 28th September 2017 due to disqualification u/s 164 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Mr. Sudesh Vir Punhani (DIN: 00122531) resigned from the Board of the Company w.e.f. 12th December 2017 due to his preoccupation.

Mr. Vivek Kumar, Chief Executive Officer, resigned from Company w.e.f. 16th December 2017 due to his preoccupation.

Mr. Brijesh Singh, Manager, resigned from Company w.e.f. 1st December 2017 due to his preoccupation.

Declaration given by Independent Director:

The Company has received declarations from all the Independent Directors confirming that they meet the criteria of independence as prescribed under the Companies Act 2013.

17. BOARD MEETINGS:

During the year under review, 6 Board Meetings were held and the intervening gap between the meetings did not exceed the period prescribed under the Act. Detail of Board meetings are given hereunder:

Date of Board Meetings
13th June, 2017
O1st August 2017
19th September, 2017
06th November, 2017
16th December, 2017
27th February, 2018

Following are the number of Board meetings attended by each director:

Name of the Director	Number of marks
Shri. O. P. Srivastava	Number of meeting attended
Shri Dilip Arora	- 6
Smt. Samreen Zaidi	6
Shri. Subodh Kumar Goel	3
Shri. Sudesh Vir Punhani	б
Shri, Joy Broto Roy	2
Shri. Govind Verma*	6
Smt. Sadhna Sanyal*	0
one of the second	0

^{*} Mrs. Sadhana Sanyal (DIN No. 07264023) and Mr. Govind Verma (DIN No. 02851881) were appointed as Additional Directors of the Company w.e.f. 27th February, 2018.

18. ANNUAL BOARD PERFORMANCE AND FORMAL EVALUATION:

A. Board Evaluation:

Your Company believes in conducting its affairs in a fair and transparent manner by adopting the highest standards of professionalism, honesty, integrity and ethical behavior, in consonance with the Company's Code of Conduct, policy for its employees and also for the Board of Directors. The honesty, integrity and sound judgment and performance of the Directors and the Senior Management are key criteria for the success and for building a good reputation of the Company. Therefore the Company had made policy to facilitate the formal annual evaluation required to be made by the Board of Directors of its own performance (self-appraisal) and that of its committees and individual Directors pursuant to the provisions of the Act.

The performance of the Board was evaluated by the Board after seeking inputs from the Directors on the basis of the criteria such as the Board Composition and structures, effectiveness of Board processes, information and functioning, etc.

The performance of the Committees were evaluated by the Board after seeking inputs from the Directors/Committee members on the basis of the criteria such as the Composition and structures, effectiveness of processes, information and functioning, etc. The Board and Nomination and Remuneration Committee reviewed the performance of the individual Directors on the basis of the criteria such as the contribution of the individual Director to the Board and Committee meetings like attendance, preparedness on the issues to be discussed, meaningful and constructive contribution and inputs in meetings, performance of specific duties and obligations etc.

B. Appointment of Directors and Criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes, independence of a Director:

The Board of Directors is collectively responsible for selection of a member on the Board. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee (NRC) of the Board follows defined criteria for identifying, screening, recruiting and recommending candidates for election as a Director on the Board. The NRC reviews and meets potential candidates, prior to recommending their nomination to the Board. At the time of appointment, specific requirements for the position, including expert knowledge expected, is communicated to the appointee. Further NRC has formulated the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of Directors in terms of provisions of Section 178 (3) of the Act.

While evaluating the suitability of individual Board members, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee may take into account factors, such as General understanding of the Company's business dynamics, educational and professional background; personal and professional cthics, integrity and values; knowledge, perspective, age and gender, willingness to devote sufficient time and energy in carrying out their duties and responsibilities effectively. It is also ensured that the Board has a mix of members with different educational background, knowledge and with adequate experience in banking and finance, accounting and taxation, economics, legal and regulatory matters, service industry, hospitality sector and other disciplines related to the Company's businesses.

C. Remuneration Policy:

Your Company recognizes the importance of aligning the business objectives with specific and measureable individual objectives and targets. The Company has therefore pursuant to provision of the Companies Act, 2013 had formulated and adopted the remuneration policy for its directors, key managerial personnel and other employees.

The Remuneration Policy of the Company specify identification of persons who are qualified to become directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down, remuneration for the same and recommend to the Board their appointment and removal. The updated remuneration policy of the Company is available on the Company's website and can be accessed at the following web-link www.saharastar.com

Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel:

The Board, on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, shall review and approve the remuneration payable to the Key Managerial Personnel of the Company, if any within the overall limits approved by the shareholders. However to attract and retain talented and qualified individuals suitable for every role, Management ensures that overall remuneration should be sufficient. It should be fair, market competitive and linked to individual performance, Company's size, industry, sector, attributed to experience, skill, responsibility etc.

Remuneration to Non-Executive Directors/ Independent Directors:

The Board, on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, shall review and approve the remuneration payable to the Non-Executive Directors of the Company, if any within the overall limits approved by the shareholders. Non-Executive Directors shall be entitled to sitting fees for attending the meetings of the Board and the Committees thereof. The Non-Executive Directors can also be paid profit related commission in addition to the sitting fees, if approved by the Board on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. Further Independent Directors may be paid sitting fees for attending the meetings of the Board and of Committees of which they may be members, and receive commission within regulatory limits, as recommended by the NRC and approved by the Board.

Remuneration to other Employees:

Employees have been assigned to grades according to their qualifications and work experience, competencies as well as their roles and responsibilities in the organization. Individual remuneration shall be determined within the appropriate grade and shall be based on various factors such as job profile, skill sets, seniority, experience and prevailing remuneration levels for equivalent jobs which shall be finalized by the Human Resource Department in consultation with the Head of the Department of respective fields/departments.

19. COMMITTEE OF BOARD:

The Company has various committees, which have been established as a part of the good corporate governance practices and in compliance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 and other statues. The Company has following Committees of the Board:

- (i) Audit Committee
- (ii) Nomination and Remuneration Committee
- (iii) Corporate Social Responsibility Committee
- (iv) Internal Complaint Committee

The Audit Committee of the Board Comprises of following Directors of the Company as member:-

- (i) Shri Om Prakash Srivastava
- (ii) Shri Dilip Lokooram Arora
- (iii) Shri Subodh Kumar Goel

20. STATUTORY AUDITORS AND AUDITORS' REPORT:

M/s. D. S. Shukla & Co., Chartered Accountants, having firm registration no. 000773C, were appointed as Statutory Auditors of your Company at the Annual General Meeting held on 29th September, 2017 to hold office till the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held for F.Y. 2021-2022.

The Report given by the Auditors on the financial statements of the Company is part of the Annual Report, there has been no qualification, reservation, adverse remark or disclaimer given by the Auditors in their Report, except "Emphasis of Matters", "Para 2(e)", "Para (vii)(a)" and "Para (viii)" of Annexure A given in Auditors' Report,

The "Emphasis of Matters" in the Statutory Audit Report given hereunder along with the reply of Board.

1. We draw attention to Note 42 & 43 to the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements, which describes that the balances of Trade Receivables, Loans & Advances and all Group Company accounts whether in debit or in credit are subject to confirmation, reconciliation and consequential adjustments, if any, in the books of accounts. In view of non reconciliation and non confirmation, we are not in a position to ascertain and comment on the correctness of the outstanding balances and resultant impact of the same on the Financial Statements of the Company.

Boards' reply: Your Company has not reconciled some accounts with some of other group Companies due to reasons attributable to the facts that such Companies were still finalizing their accounts. Further your Board informs that your Company is in process to reconcile accounts with other group Companies which will be done at the earliest.

2. Ind AS 16 (Property, Plant and Equipment) is based on the component approach. Under this approach, each major part of an item of property, plant and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item should be depreciated separately. As per the management view, there are no such types of assets, hence, component approach is not applicable to the Company but the company is yet to provide any reasonable basis as to why component approach should not be applied to it? Hence, we are unable to comment upon the correctness of the approach applied by the company.

Boards' reply: Your Boards informs that the Hotel Sahara Star is a project which over the period of time is developed in different phases hence, component approach is not applicable in our case. As we have no such items which should be depreciated separately as per component approach.

3. Reference is invited to Note 37 to the Standalone Ind AS financial statements regarding deposit of Rs. 9,900,000/- to Sahara-SEBI Refund account in the matter of dispute in respect of repayment of Optionally Fully Convertible Debentures (OFCDs) by two group companies, namely M/s Sahara India Real Corporation Limited & Sahara Housing Investment Corporation Limited as per Hon'ble Supreme Court vide it's order dated 4th June, 2014. However, we are unable to ascertain whether this amount is fully recoverable or not and its further impact, if any, that may arise in case if this amount is subsequently determined to be doubtful of recovery.

Boards' reply: In opinion of your Directors, the amount as mentioned by the Auditor herein above was transferred pursuant to the order of Hon'ble Supreme Court of India dated June 04, 2014 and same is recoverable.

4. During the Financial Year 2015-16, the Gratuity Trust in which company was making gratuity contribution was dissolved, and upon dissolution the Trust has refunded the amount pertaining to the company but company has neither created any Recognized Gratuity Fund Trust nor made any other arrangement to deposit this amount to any other recognized Gratuity Fund Trust.

Boards' reply: Your Directors have adopted a proper procedure to pay gratuity amount to the eligible employees when they resign from the organization upon final settlement of dues. Further your Company is in process to create separate Gratuity fund as soon as possible.

 Annual Return for Employer Contribution towards Professional Tax has not been filed till the Balance Sheet date.

Boards' reply: Due to some unforeseen reasons your Company could not file Annual Return for Employer Contribution towards Professional Tax till the Balance Sheet date. However, Company is in process to file the same in due course of time.

The "Para (vii)(a) of Annexure A to Independent Auditors' Report" is given hercunder along with the reply of Board.

According to the information and explanations given to us and the records examined by us, the Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, Cess and any other statutory dues with the appropriate authorities, wherever applicable and there are no such outstanding dues as at March 31, 2018, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable except the followings:

	(Rupees in Lakh)
Property Tax	361.25
Luxury Tax	237.80
Service Tax	295.67
TDS	245.09
WCT	58.34
GST	0.41
N.A. Tax	58.09
MLWF	0.01
Total	1256.66

Boards' reply: member of the Company are aware that your Company has shortage of Liquid funds hence there is delay in timely payment of statutory dues but at the same time your Company has already paid Rs. 350.02 Lakhs out of aforesaid outstanding of Rs. 1256.66 Lakhs till the date of Balance Sheet and further your Company is committed and putting its best efforts to clear any such outstanding in due course of time.

The "Para (viii) of Annexure A to Independent Auditors' Report" is given hereunder along with the reply of Board.

Based on our audit procedures and as per the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has defaulted in terms of delay in repayment of dues to Banks as detailed below:

Delay in repayment of principal / interest as on 31/03/2018 amounted to Rs. 49.80 lakhs of Term Loan-I, Rs. 914.47 lakhs of Term Loan-III and Rs. 719.11 lakhs of Term Loan-III.

Boards' reply: The Company has shortage of fund in that period, later on the Company had cleared the dues and made the default good.

INSTANCES OF FRAUD, IF ANY REPORTED BY THE AUDITORS:

There have been no instances of fraud reported by the Auditors under Section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013.

21. SECRETARIAL AUDITORS AND SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT:

Pursuant to Section 204 of the Companies Act 2013, the Company had appointed M/s. M. P. Sharma & Co., Practicing Company Secretaries, as its Secretarial Auditors to conduct the secretarial audit of the Company for the FY 2017-18. The Report of Secretarial Auditor for the FY 2017-18 is annexed to this report as Annexure - III.

There is no qualification, reservation, adverse remark or disclaimer given by the Auditors in their Report except observations as given hereunder:

- 1. We draw attention to Note 42 & 43 to the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements, which describes that the balances of Trade Receivables, Loans & Advances and all Group Company accounts whether in debit or in credit are subject to confirmation, reconciliation and consequential adjustments, if any, in the books of accounts. In view of non reconciliation and non confirmation, we are not in a position to ascertain and comment on the correctness of the outstanding balances and resultant impact of the same on the Financial Statements of the Company.
- 2. Ind AS 16 (Property, Plant and Equipment) is based on the component approach. Under this approach, each major part of an item of property, plant and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item should be depreciated separately. As per the management view, there are no such types of assets, hence, component approach is not applicable to the Company but the company is yet to provide any reasonable basis as to why component approach should not be applied to it? Hence, we are unable to comment upon the correctness of the approach applied by the company.

- 3. Reference is invited to Note 37 to the Standalone Ind AS financial statements regarding deposit of Rs. 9,900,000/- to Sahara-SEBI Refund account in the matter of dispute in respect of repayment of Optionally Fully Convertible Debentures (OFCDs) by two group companies, namely M/s Sahara India Real Corporation Limited & Sahara Housing Investment Corporation Limited as per Hon'ble Supreme Court vide it's order dated 4th June, 2014. However, we are unable to ascertain whether this amount is fully recoverable or not and its further impact, if any, that may arise in case if this amount is subsequently determined to be doubtful of recovery.
- 4. During the Financial Year 2015-16, the Gratuity Trust in which company was making gratuity contribution was dissolved, and upon dissolution the Trust has refunded the amount pertaining to the company but company has neither created any Recognized Gratuity Fund Trust nor made any other arrangement to deposit this amount to any other recognized Gratuity Fund Trust.
- Annual Return for Employer Contribution towards Professional Tax has not been filed till the Balance Sheet date.

Boards' reply: Your Directors represent same as represented in para 20 (1) to Para 20 (5) of this Directors' Report.

Your Company has complied with Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

22. SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS, COURT OR TRIBUNALS:

During the year under review, no significant material orders were passed by any regulators or courts or tribunals which may impact the going concern status and the Company's operations.

23. MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENT AFFECTING FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY:

There were no material changes and commitments, affecting the financial position of the Company which has occurred between the end

of the financial year of the Company i.e. 31st March, 2018 and the date of this report.

24. FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS & OUTGO:

As required under Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, the information relating to foreign exchange earnings and outgo is given in note 35 and 36 to the financial statements.

Foreign exchange Earning : Rs. 1,765.21 Lakhs

Foreign Exchange Outgo

: Rs. 240.90 Lakhs

25. ENERGY CONSERVATION:

The Company continually takes steps to absorb and adopt the latest technologies and innovations. These initiatives should enable the facilities to become more efficient and productive as the company expands, thus helping conserve energy.

All machinery and equipment are continuously serviced, updated and overhauled in order to maintain them in good condition. This resulted in consumption of lesser energy consumption.

Conservation of Energy continues to receive increased emphasis at all the units of the Company. Effective steps are being carried out on a regular basis for reduction in consumption of energy.

26. TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION:

During the financial year the Company invested further Rs. 38.41 Lakhs for computerizing the operations of the Hotel. This technology upgradation will help to ensure connectivity and solutions for enhancing customer value across the entire hotel.

27. PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES:

The disclosure required to be furnished pursuant to Section 197 read with Rule 5 (2) of The Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of

Managerial Personnel] Rules, 2014 is appended as Annexure IV to this report.

28. DISCLOSURES AS PER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013:

The Company has in place an Anti-Sexual Harassment Policy in line with the requirements of The Sexual Harassment of Women at the Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013.

Internal Complaints Committee (ICC) has been set up to redress complaints received regarding sexual harassment. All employees (Permanent, contractual, temporary, trainees) are covered under this policy. The following is a summary of sexual harassment complaints received and disposing off during the year.

No. of complaints received	0			
No. of complaints disposed off	U			
lo. of complaints disposed off lending Complaints	0			
chang complaints	0			

29. DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT:

Accordingly, pursuant to Section 134(3)(C) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Board of Directors, to the best of its knowledge and ability, confirms that:

- In the preparation of the accounts for the year ended March 31, 2018, the applicable accounting standards have been followed and that there are no material departures.
- ii. The Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that were reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the loss of the Company for that period.
- iii. The Directors have taken proper and sufficient care to the best of their knowledge and ability for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the

Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities.

- The Directors have prepared the accounts for the year ended March 31, 2018 on a 'going concern basis.
- v. The Directors have laid down internal financial controls for the Company which are adequate and are operating effectively.
- vi. The Directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and such systems are adequate and are operating effectively.

30. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS:

The Directors place on record their deep sense of appreciation and cooperation received from all associates and entire workforce at all levels.

By the order of Board of Directors For Sahara Hospitality Limited

O.P. Srivastava

Director

DIN: 00144000

Joy Broto Roy

Director

DIN: 00432043

Place: Mumbai Date: 06/09/2018

ANNEXURE-I

FORM NO. MGT-9 EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

As on the financial year ended on 31.03,2018 [Pursuant to section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

Registration Date Registration Date Name of the Company Category / Sub-Category of the Company Address of the Registered Office and contact details Name, address and contact details of Registrar and Transfer Agent, if any Registrar and Transfer Agent, if any Registrar and Transfer Agent, if any		
	CIN	U55101MH1989PLC140211
	Registration Date	26thSeptember, 1989
	Name of the Company	Sahara Hospitality Limited
10	Category / Sub-Category of the Company	Company having Share Capital
Jo	Address of the Registered Office and contact details	Hotel Sahara Star, Opp. Domestic Airport, Vile Parle (East), Mumbai-400099
Jo	Whether listed company	No
	Name, address and contact details of Registrar and Transfer Agent, if any	Link Intime India Private Limited C-3, Pannalal Silk Mills Compound, LBS Marg, Bhandup (West) Mumbai- 400078 022- 25963838

II. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY

All the business activities contributing 10% or more of the total turnover of the company shall be stated:-

Sr. No.	Name and Description of main products / services	NIC Code of the Product/ service [NIC Code-2008]	% to total turnover of the Company
	Hotel for short term	55101	28.51%
2	Food and Reversages	56301	38.48%
i m	Retail sale of automotive fuel	47300	24.97%

III. PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES -

Sr.	NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE COMPANY	CIN/GLN	Holding/ Subsidiary / Associate	% of shares held	Applicable Section
	Sahara Prime City Limited	U65921UP1993PLC015170	Holding Company	66'66	2 (46)

				,	NIL	,					1		
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	1	57112041		57112041		1	.1	i	1	1	ı		
Individuals	c) Bodies Corporate	d) Banks / FI	e) Any Other	Sub-Total (A)(2):	Total Shareholdi ng of Promoters (A) = (A)(1)+(A)(2)	B. Public Shareholdi ng	(1) Institutions	a) Mutual Funds / UTI	b) Banks / FI	c) Central Govt.	d) State Govt.(s)	e) Venture Capital Funds	f) Insurance

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IV. SHARE HOLDING PATTERN (Equity Share Capital Breakup as percentage of Total Equity)

Category-wise Share Holding

Shareholde		the year	the year	ining of	No. of Shi	ires held a	No. of Shares held at the end of the year	he year	% Chan ge durin
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of total share	Demat	physical	Total	% of total	g the year
A.Promoter				50				SHALES	
(1) Indian									
a) Individual / HUF	(2)		1	1		1	.1	. 1	
b) Central Govt.		1						,	
c) State Govt.(s)	E.	I.	,	1					1
d) Bodies Corporate	57112041	1	57112041	66.66	57112041		57112041	66.66	NII
c) Banks / FI	1		7		1		-	1	
f) Any Other	i.			1			1	,	
Sub-Total (A)(1):	57112041	,	57112041	66.66	57112041		57112041	99.99	MIL
(2) Foreign	1	1							
a) NRIs - Individuals	*	.5	1	1	1 1	1	E . 1	1	1

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	00	reign	al s	ers -	otal	(2) Non- Institutions	lies	- us	rseas	1	duals idual solder il upto kh	idual older I
STATE OF THE PARTY NAMED IN	g MIS	h) Foreign	Venture Capital Funds	i) Others (specify)	Sub-To (B)(1):	(2) Non- Instituti	a) Bodies Corporate	i) Indian	ii) Overseas	(q	Individuals i) Individual Shareholders s holding nominal share capital upto	ii) Individual Shareholder s holding nominal share capital in

		ı	NIL	NIL		1:		MIT
		,	0.01	0.01		r.		100
			0	9		•		57112047
	,			,		·		1
		9		9		,		57112047
	1	0.01		0.01	-	100		
	1	9		٥	-1	.1		
	ľ							
	1	9	v	•				140011
1 lakh	c) Others (specify)	Sub Total	Total Public	Shareholdi ng (B) = (B)(1)+(B)(2)	C. Shares	neld by Custodian for GDRs & ADRs	Total	

(ii)Shareholding of Promoters

	s Name the year	Sharehold	ding at the l	beginning of		Shareholding at the End of the year	at the	
		No. of shares	% of total Shares of the	% of Shares Piedge/ encumbere d to total	No. of shares	% of total Shares of the	%of Shares Pledged / encumbere d to total	% change in Shareholdin g during the year
-	Catan D.		y	0		Compan	shares	
	City Limited		99.99%	51%	57112041 99,99%	%66.66	51%	NONE

(iii)Change in Promoters' Shareholding (please specify, if there is no change)

		Share	Shareholding at the beginning of the year	Cumulative	Cumulative Shareholding during the year
		No. of shares	% of total shares of the Company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company
At the beginning of the year			No Change	No Change During the Year	ar
Date wise Increase/Decrease in Promoters Shareholding during the yea specifying the reasons for increase/decrease (c.g. allotment/transfer/bonus/sweat	e year asc (e.g.		No Change	No Change During the Year	ar
equity etc):					
At the end of the year			No Change	No Change During the Year	ar

(iv) Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders (other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs):

		Shareholding at the beginning of the year	g at the the year	Shareholding at the end of the year	at the end
No.	Name of Shareholders	No. of shares	% of total shares of The Company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company
1,	1. Shri Subrata Roy Sahar	1	0.00	1	0.00
63	Smt. Swapna Roy	1	0.00	1	00.00

omi om riakash Srivastava	stava	0.00	1	0.00
4. Shri Joy Broto Roy	1	0.00	1	0.00
5. Shri Sushanto Roy	1	0.00	1	0.00
6. Shri Seemanto Roy	П	0.00	1	0.00

(v) Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel:

V. INDEBTEDNESS

Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding/accrued but not due for payment.

			AI	Amount in Lakins
Indebtedness at the beginning of the financial	Secured	Unsecured	Deposits	Total
i) Principal Amount	50,219	150	ű	50,369
ii) Interest due but not paid	1,659			1,659
iii) Interest accrued but not due	٠	99	13	0
Total (i+ii+iii)	51,878	150	0	52,028
Change in Indebtedness during the financial year				
Addition		465	0	465
Reduction	607	375	0	982
Net Change	-607	06	0	-517
Indebtedness at the end of the financial year			E.	
i) Principal Amount	49,732	240	ï	49,972
ii) Interest due but not paid	1539	+	ı	1,539
iii) Interest accrued but not due	П	3	1	0
Total (i+ii+iii)	51,271	240	0	51,511

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL VI.

Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole-time Directors and/or Manager: A.

			Commence and Samuel Samuel
SI. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Mr. Brijesh Singh (Manager)	Total Amount
	Gross Salary		
-	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in Section 17(1) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	10.93	10.93
	(b) Value of perquisites under Section 17(2) Income Tax Act, 1961	¥	i A
	c) Profits in lieu of salary under Section 17(3) Income Tax Act, 1961	1/2	c
2	Stock Options	*	ï
60	Sweat Equity		
4	Commission		- 4
	- as % of profit	i	37
	- others, specify		· ·
5	Others, please specify		Fa
	Total (A)	10.93	10.93
	Ceiling as per the Act	Remuneration shall not exceed 5% of net profit or	seed 5% of net profit or
		annue specified in schedule v	V of the Companies are
		10000000000000000000000000000000000000	

B. Remuneration to other directors:

. Independent Director

				(Am	(Amount in Lakhs)
No	SI. No Particulars of Remuneration	Mr. S.K.Goel	Mr. S.K.Goel Mr. D. L. Arora	Mr. Sudesh Punhani	Total
	Fee for attending Board / committee meetings	Rs. 1.80	Rs. 1.80	Rs. 0.8	Rs. 4,4
	Commission	3	*	8.	É
	- Others, please Specify	4	*	t.	ю
	Total (B)(1)	Rs. 1.80	Rs. 1.80	Rs. 0.8	4.4
	Ceiling as per the Act	1,0	1,00,000 per meeting or 1% of the net profit	or 1% of the net pro	fit

2. Other Non-Executive Director

							The second secon
S. No	Particulars of Remuneration	Mr. O. P. Srivastava	Mr. J. B. Roy	Mr. J. B. Mr. Subrata Roy Roy Sahara	Mrs. Samreen Zaidi	Mr. Seemanto Roy	Total Amount
-	Fee for attending Board/Committee meetings	1.8	1.4	0	9.0	0	80
67	Commission	i	100	r	ı	t	
es	- Others, please Specify		×	9	ü	1	
	Total (B)(2)	1.8	1.4	0	9.0	0	3.8
			Total (B)=	Total (B)= (B)(1)+ (B)(2)			8.2
	Ceiling as per the Act			1,00,000 pe	er meeting o	1,00,000 per meeting or 1% of the net profit	et profit
Mrs. S	Mrs. Sadhna Sanval and Mr. Govind Verma did not receive any fee during the year	Povind Verma	did not re	ceive any fee	during the	TAST	

REMUNERATION TO KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL OTHER THAN MD/MANAGER/WTD (Rupees in Lakh)

(Amount in Lakhs) 208.87 208.87 Total Abhishek Jain (CS) 13.03 Mr. 13.03 1 Key Managerial Personnel Mr. Nitin Prajapati (CFO) 14.22 14.22 ŧ í Effective from Mr. Muneesh Sodhi (CEO) 27.02.2018) 16.02 16.02 ı Resigned on Kumar (CEO) 16.12.2017) Mr. Vivek 165.60 165,60 1 (b) Value of perquisites (c) Profit in lieu of salary under Section 17(3) provisions contained in Income Tax Act, 1961 Income Tax Act, 1961 Others, please specify Income Tax Act, 1961 Remuneration Particulars of Section 17(1) of the - others, specify.... under Section a) Salary as per - as % of profit Stock Options Sweat Equity Commission Total (C) S/N H N 3 S 4

VII. PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT/ COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES:

Type	Section of the Companies Act	Brief Description	Brief Description Penalty/Punishment/Compounding fees imposed	Authority [RD / NCLT/ COURT]	Appeal made, if any (give
A. COMPANY					arman arman
Penalty			20 PM C C C C C		
Punishment			NONE		
Compounding					
B. Directors					
Penalty			The state of the s		
Punishment			NONE		
Compounding					
C. Other Officers In Default	ers In Default				
Penalty					
Punishment			NONE		
Compounding					

For & on behalf of Sahara Hospitality Limited

O. P. Srivastava

Director (DIN: 00144000)

Joy Broto Roy Director (DIN: 00432043)

ANNEXURE TO DIRECTORS' REPORT

y's CSR policy, Sahara Hospitality Limited strives to be a socially Annual Report on Corporate Social Responsibility Activities as prescribed under Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 and

A brief outline of the Company's CSR policy, responsible Company and strongly believes in including overview of projects or programs are reference to the proposed to be undertaken and a reference to the orphograms are company and strongly believes in development which is beneficial for the society at development which is beneficial for the society at development which is beneficial for the society at development proposed to be undertaken and a reference to the projects and projects and projects and so on. For More Detail please visit technologies, and so on. For More Detail please visit technologies, and so on. For More Detail please visit shrifts. S. K. Goel, Independent Director Shrifts.	Shri. Dilip Arora, Independent Director Shri. Dilip Arora, Independent Director	
A brief outline of the Company's CSR policy, including overview of projects or programs proposed to be undertaken and a reference to the orprograms to the CSR policy and projects orprograms	The Company for last three (Rs.10044.50) Lakhs	Average net prom or critical years.
- T	લં	6,

(b) Amount unspent, if any;			Details of CSR spent during the financial year.	amount as in item 3 above)	4. Prescribed CSR Expenditure (two per cent. of the NIL*
Manner in which the amount spent during the	1	Total amount to be spent for the financial year; N			(two per cent. of the N
	NIL	NA	NA	*Since there was not average loss of the Company for last three financial years prescribed CSR expenditures are NIL.	III.*

(Amount in Rs. Lakhs)

S.	No.	
(2) CSR project	or activity identified	
(3) Sector	in which the Project is covered	9
(4) Projects or	programs (1) Local area or other (2) Specify the State and district where projects or programs was undertaken	t
(5) Amount	outlay (budget) project or programs wise	()
(6) Amount	spent on the projects or programs Sub-heads: (I) Direct expenditure on projects or programs- (2) Overheads:	4
(7) Cumulative	Triange to the Control of the Contro	90
(8) Amount	Amount spent: Direct or through implementing agency	*

M.P. SHARMA & CO.

COMPANY SECRETARIES

M.P. Sharma M.Com., LLM., FCS. Phone Office: 25952322 Tele Fax: 25952975

Email: mpsharma1952@gmail.com

Form No. MR-3

SECRETARIAL AUDIT

REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2018

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,
The Members,
SAHARA HOSPITALITY LIMITED,
Hotel Sahara Star, Opposite Domestic Airport,
Vile Parle East,
Mumbai- 400099

I have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by SAHARA HOSPITALITY LIMITED, having CINU55101MH1989PLC140211(hereinafter called the Company). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March, 2018 ('Audit Period') generally complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by Company for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2018 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder; (Not Applicable during Audit period)
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings; (Not Applicable during Audit period)

Address: 'B-1' Neha Apartment, Opp. Dr. Badwaik's Hospital, LBS Marg, Bhandup (W

- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):-
 - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011; (Not Applicable during Audit period)
 - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015; (Not Applicable during Audit period)
 - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009; (Not Applicable during Audit period)
 - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Guidelines, 1999; (Not Applicable during Audit period)
 - (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008; (Not Applicable during Audit period)
 - (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client; (Not Applicable during Audit period)
 - (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009; (Not Applicable during Audit period)
 - (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 1998; (Not Applicable during Audit period)
 - (i) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015; (Not Applicable during Audit period)
- (vi) On examination of the relevant documents and records on test-check basis, the Company has complied with the following laws applicable specifically to the Company:
 - Food Safety and Standards Act, 2006 and Food Safety and Standards Rules, 2011
 - Food Safety and Standards (Packing & Labelling) Regulations, 2011.

I have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- (i) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
- (ii) The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with Stock Exchanges (BSE) & (NSE); (Not Applicable during Audit period)

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above subject to the following observations:

Address: 'B-1' Neha Apartment, Opp. Dr. Badwaik's Hospital, LBS Marg, Bhandup (W), Mahai 1000 078.

- 1. We draw attention to Note 42 & 43 to the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements, which describes that the balances of Trade Receivables, Loans & Advances and all Group Company accounts whether in debit or in credit are subject to confirmation, reconciliation and consequential adjustments, if any, in the books of accounts. In view of non reconciliation and non confirmation, we are not in a position to ascertain and comment on the correctness of the outstanding balances and resultant impact of the same on the Financial Statements of the Company.
- 2. Ind AS 16 (Property, Plant and Equipment) is based on the component approach. Under this approach, each major part of an item of property, plant and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item should be depreciated separately. As per the management view, there are no such types of assets, hence, component approach is not applicable to the Company but the company is yet to provide any reasonable basis as to why component approach should not be applied to it? Hence, we are unable to comment upon the correctness of the approach applied by the company.
- 3. Reference is invited to Note 37 to the Standalone Ind AS financial statements regarding deposit of Rs. 9,900,000/- to Sahara-SEBI Refund account in the matter of dispute in respect of repayment of Optionally Fully Convertible Debentures (OFCDs) by two group companies, namely M/s Sahara India Real Corporation Limited & Sahara Housing Investment Corporation Limited as per Hon'ble Supreme Court vide it's order dated 4th June, 2014. However, we are unable to ascertain whether this amount is fully recoverable or not and its further impact, if any, that may arise in case if this amount is subsequently determined to be doubtful of recovery.
- 4. During the Financial Year 2015-16, the Gratuity Trust in which company was making gratuity contribution was dissolved, and upon dissolution the Trust has refunded the amount pertaining to the company but company has neither created any Recognized Gratuity Fund Trust nor made any other arrangement to deposit this amount to any other recognized Gratuity Fund Trust.
- Annual Return for Employer Contribution towards Professional Tax has not been filed till the Balance Sheet date.

I further report that The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance or at shorter notice as per the provisions of Section 173(3) & applicable Secretarial Standards, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

All the decisions at Board Meetings and Committee Meetings are carried out unanimously as recorded in the minutes of the meetings of the Board of Directors or committee of the Board as the case may be.

I further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

I further report that during the audit period the Company had no events which had bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines etc.:

Place: Mumbai

Date: 06/Sep/2018

for M. P. SHARMA &CO.

CS MATAPRASAD SHARMA

FCS: 2673, C. P: 4536

APPENDIX A

To.
The Members.
SAHARA HOSPITALITY LIMITED.

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and process as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the Secretarial records. The verification was one on the test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in Secretarial records. We believe that the process and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of the financial records and books of accounts of the Company.
- 4. Whenever required, we have obtained the Management Representation about the Compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happenings of events etc.
- The Compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards are the responsibility of the management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedure on the test basis.
- The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Place: Mumbai

Date: 06/Sep/2018

for M. P. SHARMA &CO.

CS MATAPRASAD SHARMA

FCS: 2673, C. P: 4536

ANNEXURE TO DIRECTORS' REPORT

ANNEXURE-IV

Information under Section 197 of the Act read with Rule 5 of the Companies Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014

List of Top Ten Employee as per rule5 (2) of The Companies Appointment & Remuneration of Managerial Personnel, Amendment rules, 2016.

4,	şa	10	100	No Sr.
Mrs. Shelini Alok Saiga]	Narendra Singh	Mrs. Ashu Sond	Mr. Vivek Kumar	Name of Employee
Chief General Manager	Hend & Chef Engineer	Asst. Director	C.E.O	Designation/ Nature of Employment
39	47	57	4	Age on 31.03.18
24.54	24.99	56.41	165.60	Gross Remunerati on (Rs. Lakhs)
18:37	19.84	38.69	103.20	Net Remunerati on (Rs. Lakhs)
	BE (Civil)	CA & CS	PG in History and PG Diploma in Marketing Management	Qualification
0	22	35	137	Experience (No. of years as on 31.03.18)
9	Nirvan Censultants, Kanpur	Hotel Corpora of India	Sahare India Commercial Corporation Limited	Last employment held
December, 2015	April, 2003	June, 2002	November, 2002	Commence ment of employmen t

	In Mr.	- "	O Tool	,00 MT		7	×	0		0,
Dighe	Mr. Sameer	Sarke	Mr.	Mr. Umesh Singh		Singh Kunwar	Mr. Vishal	Mohan	r. Raiesh	Fadnis
Sous Chef	Executive	Manager	Materials	DGM [Projects]	-	Sous Chef &	Execution	Manager	Connect	Chef
46		4		48		50		49		50
16,65		16.95		16.99		19.59		21.81		22.89
13.68		13.80		13,80		15.24		14.41		18.05
Dip. In hotel Management		B. Com.		BE (Civil)	rtygiene	Course in Basic Food	0001	BE Electrical	COLORIA	Diploma in
£.		B		24		27		28		27
The Leefs	TEXTUTURE	Grand Hyan	d, Delhi	Era Construction PrivateLimite		StarwoodHot els, Dubei		Grand Hvatt	Targetti Antique	Neptune Herel Kerns
Mar, 2007	Annual Contra	conc. Apr.	20.	July, 2003		May, 2006	tn	January, 20		March, 2007

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Net Remaneration is arrived at by deducting from the remaneration received, hicame Tax. The employee is entitled to Gratuity and other benefits as per rules of the Company. The employee has adequate experience to discharge the responsibility assigned to him. The employee is not related to any director of the Company.

The employee does not hold any share in the paid-up capital of the Company.

For & on behalf of Sahara Hospitality Limited

Director (DIN: 00144000) O. P. Srivastava

Director Joy-Broto Roy

(DIN: 00432043)

GF-2, Ekta Apartment, 125- Chandralok, Colony, Aliganj, Lucknow-226024 Phone & Fax: +91-522-4236996

E-mail: dsshuklaca@yahoo.co.in

Independent Auditor's Report

TO THE MEMBERS OF SAHARA HOSPITALITY LIMITED

Report on the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying standalone Ind AS financial statements of Sahara Hospitality Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2018, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone Ind AS financial statements to give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance (including other comprehensive income), cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards specified in the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended) under Section 133 of the Act.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent, and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these standalone Ind AS financial statements based on our audit,

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder including the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder.

We conducted our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act and other applicable authoritative pronouncements issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and pronouncements require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone Ind AS financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the standalone Ind AS financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view, in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the standalone Ind AS financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone Ind AS financial statements.

D.S. SHUKLA & CO.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

GF-2, Ekta Apartment, 125- Chandralok, Colony, Aliganj, Lucknow-226024 Phone & Pax: +91-522-4236996

E-mail: dsshuklaca@yahoo.co.in

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, except for the possible effects of the matters described in the "emphasis of matter", the aforesaid standalone Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2018, and its total comprehensive income (comprising of loss and other comprehensive income), its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Emphasis of Matters

- 1. We draw attention to Note 42 & 43 to the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements, which describes that the balances of Trade Receivables, Loans & Advances and all Group Company accounts whether in debit or in credit are subject to confirmation, reconciliation and consequential adjustments, if any, in the books of accounts. In view of non reconciliation and non confirmation, we are not in a position to ascertain and comment on the correctness of the outstanding balances and resultant impact of the same on the Financial Statements of the Company.
- 2. Ind AS 16 (Property, Plant and Equipment) is based on the component approach. Under this approach, each major part of an item of property, plant and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item should be depreciated separately. As per the management view, there are no such types of assets, hence, component approach is not applicable to the Company but the company is yet to provide any reasonable basis as to why component approach should not be applied to it? Hence, we are unable to comment upon the correctness of the approach applied by the company.
- 3. Reference is invited to Note 37 to the Standalone Ind AS financial statements regarding deposit of Rs. 9,900,000/-to Sahara-SEBI Refund account in the matter of dispute in respect of repayment of Optionally Fully Convertible Debentures (OFCDs) by two group companies, namely M/s Sahara India Real Corporation Limited & Sahara Housing Investment Corporation Limited as per Hon'ble Supreme Court vide it's order dated 4th June, 2014. However, we are unable to ascertain whether this amount is fully recoverable or not and its further impact, if any, that may arise in case if this amount is subsequently determined to be doubtful of recovery.
- During the Financial Year 2015-16, the Gratuity Trust in which company was making gratuity contribution was dissolved, and upon dissolution the Trust has refunded the amount pertaining to the company but company has neither created any Recognized Gratuity Fund Trust nor made any other arrangement to deposit this amount to any other recognized Gratuity Fund Trust.
- Annual Return for Employer Contribution towards Professional Tax has not been filed till the Balance Sheet date.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of these matters.



D.S. SHUKLA & CO.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

GF-2. Ekta Apartment. 125- Chandralok, Colony. Aliganj, Lucknow-226024 Phone & Fax: +91-522-4236996

E-mail: dsshuklaca@yahoo.co.in

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016, issued by the Central Government of India in terms of subsection (11) of section 143 of the Act ("the Order"), and on the basis of such checks of the books and records of the Company as we considered appropriate and according to the information and explanations given to us, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone Ind AS financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2018 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2018 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
 - With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
 - With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - The Company has disclosed the impact, if any, of pending litigations as at March 31, 2018 on its financial position in its standarone ind AS financial statements - Refer Notes 29 and 30 to the standarone ind AS financial statements:
 - The Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for ii. material foreseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.
 - There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the investor Education ä. and Protection Fund by the Company.

The reporting on disclosures relating to Specified Bank Notes is not applicable to the Company for the iv: year ended March 31, 2018.

HARTERED

For D.S.SHUKLA & CO. Chartered Accountants Firm Reg No.: 000773C

(PRAVEEN KUMAR AGARWAL)

Partner

Membership No.: 416717

Place: Lucknow Date: 06/09/2018

GF-2, Ekta Apartment, 125- Chandralok, Colony, Aliganj, Lucknow-226024

Phone & Fax: +91-522-4236996 E-mail: dsshuklaca@yahoo.co.in

Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report

The Annexure referred to in Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the Company on the standalone ind AS financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018, we report that:

(i)	(a)	The Company situation of fixed	is maintaining proper records sh assets.	owing full particulars, including	quantitative details and
	(b)	are verified in a verification is re accordance with	as a regular programme of physic a phased manner over a period of assonable having regard to the the above programme, the Compa are noticed in respect of assets ver	if three years. In our opinion, the size of the Company and the any has verified certain fixed asset	is periodicity of physical nature of its assets. In
	(c)	The Company is structure is in the	situated on a leasehold land, held name of Sahara Hospitality Limite	by Airport Authority of India and to	tle deed of the building
(ii)		The inventories	have been physically verified by ch verification is reasonable. No	the management during the y	ear. In our opinion, the oticed on such physical
(iii)		or unsecured, to maintained unde	information and explanations give companies, firms, Limited Liabil r section 189 of the Act. Therefore are not applicable to the company	ity Partnerships or other parties the provisions of sub-clauses (a	covered in the register
(iv)		In our opinion a	nd according to information and e tion 185 and 186 of the Act in resp	xplanations given to us, the Com	pany has complied with
(v)		In our opinion ar any deposit from	id according to the information and in the public in accordance with the e Act and the rules framed there	explanations given to us, the Co e provisions of Sections 73 to 7	mpany has not accepted 6 or any other relevant
(vi)		Central Governm	e information and explanation glw ent under sub-section (1) of section e no such accounts and records ha	in 148 of the Companies Act, 201	been prescribed by the 3 for the products of the
(vii)	(a)	generally regula Insurance, Income and any other s	information and explanations give r in depositing undisputed statu- ne Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Di tatutory dues with the appropriate as as at March 31, 2018, for a per- ne followings:	tory dues including Provident F luty of Customs, Duty of Excise, authorities, wherever applicable	und, Employees' State Value Added Tax, Cess and there are no such
			F0788 (A. 11 M. 11	(Rs. in Lacs)	
			Property Tax	361.25	
			Luxury Tax	237.80	
			Service Tax	295.67	
			TDS	245.09	P. E. Sandario
			WCT	58.34	HUKLA
			GST	0.41	3
			N.A. Tax	58.09	
		-	MLWF	0.01	O CHAR ERED O

D.S. SHUKLA & CO.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

GF-2, Ekta Apartment. 125- Chandralok, Colony, Aliganj, Lucknow-226024 Phone & Fax: +91-522-4236996

E-mail : dsshuklaca@yahoo.co.in

	(b)	According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of income-tax, sales tax, customs duty, excise duty and value added tax outstanding on account of any dispute.
(vii)		Based on our audit procedures and as per the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has defaulted in terms of delay in repayment of dues to Banks as detailed below: Delay in repayment of principal / interest as on 31/03/2018 amounted to Rs. 49.80 lakhs of Term Loan-II, Rs. 914.47 lakhs of Term Loan-II and Rs. 719.11 lakhs of Term Loan-III.
(ix)		The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. In our opinion and according to the records of the Company, outstanding balance of term loan at the beginning of the year and the proceeds during the year have been applied by the Company during the year for the purposes for which they were borrowed.
(x)		According to the information and explanations given to us, no material fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
(xi)		According to the information and explanations given to us, managerial remuneration has been paid or provided in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
(xii)		According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company as prescribed under Section 406 of the Act. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
(xiii)		According to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of Act, where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
(xiv)		The Company has issued 14000000 Equity Shares on Preferential basis to Saharayn Universal Multi-Purpose Society Limited during the year under review and the requirement of section 42 of the Companies Act, 2013 have been complied with and the amount raised have been used for the purposes for which the funds were raised.
(xv)		According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him.
(xvi)		According to information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to be registered under Section 45 IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xvi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

CKNO

Place: Lucknow Date: 06/09/2018 For D.S.SHUKLA & CO. Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. Not: 000773C

Large de se

(PRAVEEN KUMAR AGARWAL)
Partner

Membership No.:416717

D.S. SHUKLA & CO. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

GF-2. Ekta Apartment. 125- Chandralok, Colony, Aligani, Lucknow-226024 Phone & Fax: +91-522-4236996

E-mail: dsshuklaca@yahoo.co.in

ANNEXURE B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of SAHARA HOSPITALITY LIMITED ("the Company") as of 31 March 2018 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company, (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company

D.S. SHUKLA & CO.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

GF-2, Ekta Apartment, 125- Chandraiok, Colony, Aliganj, Lucknow-226024 Phone & Fax: +91-522-4256996

E-mail: dsshuklaca@yahoo.co.in

are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of colusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2018, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For D.S.SHUKLA & CO. Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No.: 000773C

PRAVEEN KUMAR

Partner

Membership No.:416717

Place: Lucknow Date: 06/09/2018

Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2018

amculars	Note No.	As at March 31, 2018 (₹ Lakhs)	As at March 31, 2017 (₹ Lakhs)
ASSETS			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS		100000000000000000000000000000000000000	
sporty. Plant and Equipment		1,41,073,13	1,43,953.28
Canta Work in Progress	2	177.750.550.00	17.93
nampble Assets		90:29	95.69
Funwiolai Asseta	4	3 777.5-3.1	
Other financial assets	3	375.80	389.10
Distance Tax Assets (Net)	4	3,741,77	4,549.28
Unior Non-Gurrort Assets	5	1,183.66	1.519.20
Tatar Novi Current Assets (I)		1,46,464.55	1,50,524.8
10 m (m + 1) 1 m (m + 1) 2 m (1110,101.00	1,00,000
CURRENT ASSETS		1.694.72	1.801.1
hynthlands	1 8	1,004172	7,000
Financial Assets:	7	2,020.54	1.312.4
reate Recovables	В.	86.54	42.0
Chalt and cash equivalents	9	99.25	119.7
Officer Blank Balance			
inter financial assots	10	41.18	34.6
Diffier Gwrent Agsets	11	161.57	145.0
Total Current Assets (40)		4,103.80	3,455.2
TOTAL ASSETS (I+II)		1,50,568.45	1.53,980.0
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		100	
COUTY			
holly Share Capital	12	5,711.20	5.711.2
Cition Equity	13	(18,905.73)	1,961.8
7istel Figesty (A)		(13,194.53)	3,748,4
AMMES			
NON-CURRENT LIABLE ES			
runcal) addition			
Neegwings	- 14	1.35.998.37	1.31.027.3
Other Etrancial Lightities	15	10.528.64	B.170
rovergna	16	73.62	The second contract of
Other Non-Current Liabilities	17	2,454.01	2,791
	11.	1,49,054.64	
Total Tran-Current Liebilities (B)		1,45,094.04	1,02,2017
COSCIENT LIABILITIES			
i nancatt soffins	52411	# Was #6	8.000
Horstweings	18	6.031.58	
Tradic Payables	19	4,164,04	
Other Cummit Financial Nabilities	20	506.55	
Previsions	21	42.70	
Other Current's labilities	22	3,963,47	
Total Current Austribus (C.)	200	14,708.34	8,129.
FOTA, LOBELTIES (D-66-C)		1,63,762.98	1,50,230
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES (A+D)		1,50,568.45	1,53,980.
Bignificam Accounting Policies	1		1
Notes to Aprounts	2.46		

500 accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

An ser our attached report of even date For 0.5.Shukla & Co.

Chartened Accountants Firm Regn No. 000773C

1

Fraketin Kumar Apahwal Jartner Beroborship No. 416717

Place Mumbai Dated: 56/09/2018 For and on behalf of the Board

O.P.Srivastava Director DIN-00144900

Muneesh Sodhi Chief Executive Officer Nitin Prajapati Chief Financial Officer J.B.Roy Director OIN-00432043

Abbishok Julia Company Secretary

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2018

Particulars	Note No.	March 31, 2018 (₹ Lakhs)	March 31, 2017 (₹ Lakhs)
Income:			
Revenue from Operations Other Income	23 24	21,423,44 229.42	21,159.38 1,084.00
Total Income		21,652.86	22,223.38
Expenses:			
Cost of Materials Consumed Employee Benefits Expense Finance Costs Depreciation and Amortization Other Expenses	25 26 27 2 28	7,657.28 1,927.19 13,874.09 5,892.68 6,430.14	7,955,64 1,936,16 13,351,35 6,003,18 7,739,61
Total Expenses		37,791.38	36,985.94
Profit / (Loss) Before Tax		(16,138.52)	(14,762.56)
Tax Expense: Current Tax Deferred Tax		807.50	(4,332.98)
Profit / (Loss) for the year		(16,946.02)	(10,429.58
Other Comprehensive Income Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Actuanal (Gains) and Losses		(2.09)	9.58
Total Comprehensive Income for the year		(16,943.93)	(10,439.16
Earnings / (Loss) Per Equity Share; Sasic (in ₹ per share) Diluted (in ₹ per share) Face value per Equity Share (in ₹)	40	(29.67) (29.67) 10.00	(18.26 (18.26 10.00
Significant Accounting Policies	1		
Notes to Accounts	2-46		

Soc accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

As per our attached report of even date

For D.S.Shukla & Co. **Chartered Accountants** Firm Regn No. 000773C For and on behalf of the Board

O.P.Srivastava Director DIN-00144000

.B.Roy Director DIN-00432043

Playeon Kuman Ag

Partner Rembership No. 116717

Place: Mumbai

Dated: 06/09/2018

Muneesh Sodhi Chief Executive Officer

Nitiri Prajapati Chief Financial Officer

Company Secretary

Cash Flow Statement for the year 2017-18

Particulars	March 31,		March 31, 2017		
A GASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(₹ Lakh	5)	(f Lakhs)		
hart Profit / (loss) before tax as per Profit and Loss Statements Adjustment for:		(16;138.52)		114,762.5	
Depreciation and Amerization Interest II spence on Preference Shares Interest Paid Interest Paid Interest Paid Interest Neomin on Fixed Deposit and Others Unwinding of determed income on security deposit accepted I scale provision to longer required I scale Depreciation Charged in earlier years Provision for English Debts and Advances Provision for Emprayee Benefits United and Exchange Cam	5,892,88 6,665,73 136,23 7,070,13 (8,93) (152,74) (23,36) 61,79 20,63 (0,39)	19,653.74	6,003 18 6,054 21 121.20 7,175.94 (17.16) (152.74) (153.45) (70°.54) 96.60 32.60 (II.56)		
Operating Profit before working capital changes		3,525.22		18,488.30	
Adjustment for: if create (Domase in Trade Receivable Increase)(Domase) in Inventories increase)(Domase) in Trade and Other Payable Increase)(Domese Loans and Advances.	(708.08) 106.46 3,110.91 317.12	2.828.41	(251.92) (5.44) 3,662.29 (580.87)	3,695.74 2,634.04	
Cash generated from operations		6.351.63	There were	6,519.80	
Direct Tax Paid		7		0,013.00	
Not Cash from operating activities (i)		6.351.63	-	6,619.8	
If GASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Addition to Flored Asset/ Capital work in progress Each fillulation not considered as Cash and Cash Equivalents Investing in Fixed Deposit Investing in Fixed Deposit Investing its Fixed Reposit and Others Not Increase in Other Gredners		(5.006.28) 20.54 8.86 9.93 2.314.41		(438.78 16.54 20.88 17.18	
Net Cash from investing activities (III)			1	(794.57	
C CASH PLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from same of Preference Shares Internet Paid Repayment of Long-Term Bentowings Proceeds from Fong-Term Bentowings Scan Term Loan Rasset(Repaid) (Net)		1,400,00 (7,010,13) (607,56) 624,12		(1,178.36 (7,176.34 (816.06 1,448.32 693.13	
Not Cesh from financing activities (III)		(5,653.59)	-	(5,650.55	
Not Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents (I+II+III)		44.50		(309.13	
Grah and Cash Equivalents at beginning of period	1	42:04		393925	
Crish and Cash Equivalents at end of period	1	86.54		351.17	
Flootnate :				42.04	
Crah and Cash Equivalents at the end of the period					
Cash in hard. Chooles in franc Chooles - Union Hank Newards Fronts Ratings with Banks In Commit Assessed In Commit Assessed		7.18 2.54 76.84		14 32 6 40 22 33	
Total			4	-	
	-	85.54		42.04	

As per our attached report of even date For D.S. Shukla & Co.

Grantened Accountants From Reger No. 000773C

waltery O.P.Srivastova Director

For and on behalf of the Board

DIN-00144000

raveen Kumar Age artner Membanship No. : \$5717

Place Mumbai Dated; 36/09/2018

Mundesh Sodhi Chief Executive Officer

Nitin Prajapati Chief Financial Officer

Abhishek Jain Company Secretary

W.B.Roy

Director DIN-00432043

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended March 31,2018

				Amount (₹ Lakhs)
Equity Share Capital				(V Lukits)
As at April 1, 2017	2004			5,711.20
Changes in Equity Share Capital during the	year			201112
As at March 21, 2018				5,711.20
Other Equity :				Amount (₹ Lakis
		Reserves a	nd Surolus	Amount (£ rekus
Particulars	Securities Premium	Other Comprehensive Income	Retained Earnings	Total
Balance at April 1, 2017	30,072,41	(10,969,38)	(24 504 24)	70.000000
Check III. soal) for the period		2.09	(21,084.85)	(1,961.8)
Amentised during the period		6/05	The second secon	(16,943.9)
Utilised during the period		-		
Salance as at March 31, 2018	30,072.41	(10,967.27)	(38,010.87)	(18,905.7)
As per our attached report of even date For D.S. Shukla & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Rege No. 000773C Prayene Kumar againal Partner Membership No. : \$16717	O.P.Sn/ Dis Prac	mafting	behalf of the Board J. B. Ro Direct DIN-0043	

NOTE 1: BASIS OF PREPARATION, CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS, SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS:

CORPORATE INFORMATION:

The Sahara Hospitality Limited (the "Company"), is primarily engaged in the business of owning, operating & Managing Hotel and Petrol pump.

The Company is domiciled and incorporated in India in 1989, and has its registered office at Hotel Sahara Star, Opposite Domestic Airport, Vile Parle-East, Mumbai-400099, India

1.1 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE:

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Ind AS as prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and other provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 as amended from time to time.

1.2 BASIS OF PREPARATION:

These financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

All assets and liabilities are classified as current and non-current as per company's normal operating cycle of 12 months which is based on the nature of business of the company. Current Assets do not include elements which are not expected to be realized within 1 year and Current Liabilities do not include items which are due after 1 year, the period of 1 year being reckoned from the reporting date.

1.3 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS:

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with the recognition and measurement principles of Ind AS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions, that affect the reported balances of assets and liabilities, disclosures relating to contingent liabilities as at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expenses for the years presented. Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Any revision to such estimates is recognized in the period in which the same is determined.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

In particular, information about significant areas of estimation, uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements pertain to:

NOTE 1: BASIS OF PREPARATION, CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS, SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS:

i) Useful lives of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets:

The Company has estimated useful life of each class of assets based on the nature of assets, the estimated usage of the asset, the operating condition of the asset, past history of replacement, anticipated technological changes, etc. The Company reviews the useful life of property, plant and equipment and Intangible assets as at the end of each reporting period. This reassessment may result in change in depreciation expense in future periods.

ii) Impairment testing:

Property, plant and equipment and Intangible assets that are subject to amortization / depreciation are tested for impairment when events occur or changes in circumstances indicate that the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit is less than its carrying value. The recoverable amount of cash generating units is higher of value-in-use and fair value less cost to sell. The calculation involves use of significant estimates and assumptions which includes turnover and earnings multiples, growth rates and net margins used to calculate projected future cash flows, risk-adjusted discount rate, future economic and market conditions.

iii) Income Taxes:

Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is regarded as probable that deductible temporary differences can be realized. The Company estimates deferred tax assets and liabilities based on current tax laws and rates and in certain cases, business plans, including management's expectations regarding the manner and timing of recovery of the related assets. Changes in these estimates may affect the amount of deferred tax liabilities or the valuation of deferred tax assets and thereby the tax charges in the Statement of Profit or Loss.

Provision for tax liabilities require judgments on the interpretation of tax legislation, developments in case law and the potential outcomes of tax audits and appeals which may be subject to significant uncertainty. Therefore the actual results may vary from expectations resulting in adjustments to provisions, the valuation of deferred tax assets, cash tax settlements and therefore the tax charge in the Statement of Profit or Loss.

iv) Fair value measurement of financial instruments:

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques. This involves significant judgments in selection of a method in making assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at the Balance Sheet date and in identifying the most appropriate estimate of fair value when a wide range of fair value measurements are possible.

v) Defined benefit plans:

The cost of the defined benefit plans and the present value of the defined benefit obligation are based on actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date.

NOTE 1: BASIS OF PREPARATION, CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS, SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS:

1.4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

1.4.1 REVENUE RECOGNITION:

Income from Operations:

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue comprises sale of rooms, food and beverages, allied services relating to Hotel operation, including net income from telecommunication services and revenue from sale of petrol and allied products. Revenue is recognized upon rendering of the services and at the time of sale of petrol and allied products (net of discount and indirect taxes).

Interest Income:

Interest income is accrued on a time proportion basis using the effective interest rate method.

Dividend:

Dividend income is recognized when Company's right to receive the amount is established.

Other Income:

Revenue is accountant for in statement of Profit and Loss on accrual basis.

1.4.2 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT:

- a) Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at cost of acquisition less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses if any. Expenditure directly attributable to construction is accumulated as Capital Work In Progress till the time assets are ready for commercial use and is allocated to the relevant fixed assets on a pro-rata basis in the ratio of the prime cost of such assets.
- b) Subsequent expenditure relating to property, plant and equipment is capitalized only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with these will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.
- c) Depreciation is charged to Statement of Profit and Loss so as to expense the cost of assets (other than properties under construction) less their residual values over their useful lives, using the straight line method, as per the useful life prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.
- d) The assets' useful lives and residual values are reviewed at the Balance Sheet date and effects of any changes in estimates are accounted for on a prospective basis.

Class of Assets	Estimated Useful Life
Buildings	60 years
Ownership Flats	60 years
Plant and Machinery	15 years
Furniture, Fixtures and Office Equipment	8 years
Vehicles	8 years
Computers	6 years

NOTE 1: BASIS OF PREPARATION, CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS, SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS:

- e) An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.
- f) For transition to Ind AS, the Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its property, plant and equipment recognized as of April 1, 2015 (transition date) measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as its deemed cost as of the transition date.
- g) Capital work in progress represents projects under which the property, plant and equipment are not yet ready for their intended use and are carried at cost determined as aforesaid.

1.4.3 INTANGIBLE ASSETS:

Intangible assets include cost of trademark and computer software. Intangible assets are initially measured at acquisition cost including any directly attributable costs of preparing the asset for its intended use. Intangible assets with finite lives are amortized over their estimated useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired.

Intangible Assets with indefinite useful lives are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired. The estimated useful lives used for amortizing intangible assets are as under:

Class of Assets	Estimated Useful Life
Trademarks	10 years
Computer Software	10 years

Transition to Ind AS on transition to Ind AS, the company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its intangible assets recognized as at April 1, 2015 measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of the intangible assets.

1.4.4 IMPAIRMENT OF ASSETS:

Assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount and impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. For this purpose the recoverable amount is the greater of the net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value based on an appropriate discount factor.

Assets that suffered impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period. In case of such reversal, the carrying amount of the asset is increased so as not to exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had there been no impairment loss.

NOTE 1: BASIS OF PREPARATION, CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS, SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS:

1.4.5 BORROWING COSTS:

Borrowing costs that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets are capitalized as part of the cost of such assets. A qualifying asset is an asset that necessarily requires a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which those are incurred.

1.4.6 FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS:

a) Functional and presentation currency:

The functional currency and presentation currency of the Company is Indian Rupee (`).

b) **Initial Recognition:**

On initial recognition, all foreign currency transactions are recorded by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

c) Subsequent Recognition:

As at the reporting date, non-monetary items which are carried at historical cost and denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. All non-monetary items which are carried at fair value denominated in a foreign currency are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the exchange rate prevailing on the Balance Sheet date and exchange gains and losses arising on settlement and restatement are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Income and expenses in foreign currencies are recorded at exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction.

1.4.7 ASSETS TAKEN ON LEASE:

OPERATING LEASE:

Assets taken on Operating Lease in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are not transferred to the group as lessee are classified as operating lease. Payments made under operating leases are charged to Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease unless the payments are structured to increase in line with the expected general inflation to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increases.

1.4.8 **INVENTORIES**:

Inventories are valued at cost or net realizable value, whichever is lower, on First In First Out method except in the case of linen / curtain / cutlery & crockery in rooms and outlets, which are being valued at cost irrespective of their net realizable value.

NOTE 1: BASIS OF PREPARATION, CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS, SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS:

1.4.9 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS:

a) Short-term Obligations:

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognized in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the balance sheet.

b) Post-Employment Obligations:

The company operates the following post-employment benefit schemes:

Gratuity obligations

Maintained as a defined benefit retirement plan, the liability or asset recognized in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit gratuity plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets.

The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation.

The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in employee benefit expense in the statement of profit and loss.

Re-measurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized in the period in which they occur, directly in other comprehensive income. They are included in retained earnings in the statement of changes in equity and in the balance sheet.

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation resulting from plan amendments or curtailments are recognized immediately in profit or loss as past service cost.

Leave encashment on termination of service

The liabilities for earned leave are expected to be settled after the retirement of employee. They are therefore measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method. The benefits are discounted using the market yields at the end of the reporting period that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation. Re-measurements as a result of experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized in other comprehensive income. The obligations are presented as current liabilities in the balance sheet if the entity does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting period, regardless of when the actual settlement is expected to occur.

NOTE 1: BASIS OF PREPARATION, CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS, SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS:

Provident Fund

The eligible employees of the Company are entitled to receive benefits under the provident fund, a defined contribution plan, in which both employees and the Company make monthly contributions at a specified percentage of the covered employees' salary (currently 12% of employees' salary), which is recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss during the year. The contributions as specified under the law are paid to the provident fund set up as irrevocable trust by the Company or to respective Regional Provident Fund Commissioner. The Company is generally liable for annual contributions and any shortfall in the fund assets based on the minimum rates of return prescribed by the Central Government and recognizes such contributions and shortfall, if any, as an expense in the year in which the corresponding services are rendered by the Employee.

1.4.10 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS:

a. Financial assets:

Initial recognition and measurement:

Financial assets are recognized when, and only when, the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. The Company determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition. When financial assets are recognized initially, they are measured at fair value, plus, in the case of financial assets not at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transaction costs. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Classification:

Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

Debt Instruments:

The Company classifies its debt instruments as 'Subsequently measured at amortized cost', 'Fair value through Other Comprehensive Income' or 'Fair value through profit or loss' based on its business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset:

i. Financial assets at amortized cost:

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost if these financial assets are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest. Interest income from these financial assets is included as a part of the Group's income in the Statement of Profit and Loss using the effective interest rate method.

NOTE 1: BASIS OF PREPARATION, CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS, SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS:

ii. <u>Financial assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income</u> ("FVOCI"):

Financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income if these financial assets are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest. Movements in the carrying value are taken through Other Comprehensive Income, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest revenue and foreign exchange gains or losses which are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss. When the financial asset is derecognized, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in Other Comprehensive Income is reclassified from Other Comprehensive Income to the Statement of Profit and Loss. Interest income on such financial assets is included as a part of the Company's income in the Statement of Profit and Loss using the effective interest rate method.

iii. <u>Financial assets at Fair Value through Statement of Profit and Loss</u> ("FVTPL"):

Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortized cost or FVOCI are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

De-recognition:

A financial asset is derecognized only when the Company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset.

Where the Company has transferred an asset, it evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognized. Where the Company retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognized to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.

b. Financial Liabilities:

Initial recognition and measurement:

Financial liabilities are recognized when, and only when, the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. The Company determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition. All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs, in the case of financial liabilities not at fair value through profit or loss.

Subsequent measurement:

After initial recognition, financial liabilities that are not carried at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the liabilities are derecognized, and during amortization.

NOTE 1: BASIS OF PREPARATION, CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS, SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS:

De-recognition:

A financial liability is de-recognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss.

c. Impairment of Financial Assets:

The Company assesses, at each reporting date, whether a financial asset or a group of financial assets is/are impaired. Ind AS-109 on Financial Instruments requires expected credit losses to be measured through a loss allowance. For trade receivables only, the Company recognizes expected lifetime losses using the simplified approach permitted by Ind AS-109, from initial recognition of the receivables. For other financial assets (not being equity instruments or debt instruments measured subsequently at FVTPL) the expected credit losses are measured at the 12 month expected credit losses or an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition.

1.4.11 INCOME TAXES:

Income tax expense comprises current tax expense and the net change in the deferred tax asset or liability during the year. Current and deferred tax are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in Other Comprehensive Income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognized in Other Comprehensive Income or directly in equity, respectively.

a. Current tax:

Current Tax expenses are accounted in the same period to which the revenue and expenses relate. Provision for current income tax is made for the tax liability payable on taxable income after considering tax allowances, deductions and exemptions determined in accordance with the applicable tax rates at the end of the reporting period in the countries where the Company operates and generates taxable income.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle the asset and the liability on a net basis.

b. Deferred tax:

Deferred income tax is recognized using the balance sheet approach. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognized for deductible and taxable temporary differences arising between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount in financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognized if they arise from the initial recognition of the goodwill. The deferred income tax is also not accounted for, if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction, other than a business combination, when at the time of the transaction, neither accounting profit nor taxable profit / (taxable loss) is affected.

NOTE 1: BASIS OF PREPARATION, CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS, SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS:

Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized. Therefore, in case of a history of recent losses, the Group recognizes a deferred tax asset only to the extent that it has sufficient taxable temporary differences or there is other convincing evidence that sufficient taxable profit will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized. Deferred tax assets positions are reviewed at each reporting date and are recognized / reduced to the extent that it is probable/no longer probable respectively that the related tax benefit will be realized.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences except in respect of taxable temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax bases of investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilized. Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Minimum Alternative Tax ("MAT") credit forming part of deferred tax asset is recognized as an asset only when and to the extent there is reasonable certainty that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period. Such asset is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and the carrying amount of the MAT credit asset is written down to the extent there is no longer a reasonable certainty to the effect that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period.

1.4.12 PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS:

Provisions are recognized when there is a present legal or statutory obligation or constructive obligation as a result of past events and where it is probable that there will be outflow of resources to settle the obligation and when a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made.

Contingent liabilities are recognized only when there is a possible obligation arising from past events due to occurrence or nonoccurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the company or where any present obligation cannot be measured in terms of future outflow of resources or where a reliable estimate of the obligation cannot be made. Obligations are assessed on an ongoing basis and only those having a largely probable outflow of resources are provided for.

Contingent assets where it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company are not recognized but disclosed in the financial statements. However, when the realization of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is no longer a contingent asset, but it is recognized as an asset.

NOTE 1: BASIS OF PREPARATION, CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS, SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS:

1.4.13 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS:

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit/ (loss) before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments.

Cash flows for the year are classified by operating, investing and financing activities.

1.4.14 EARNINGS PER SHARE:

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit or loss after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year including potential equity shares, if any.

Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) after tax as adjusted for dividend, interest and other charges to expense or income (net of any attributable taxes) relating to the dilutive potential equity shares, by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share.

1.4.14 SEGMENTAL REPORTING:

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker.

1.4.15 RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONUNCEMENTS

Standards issued but not yet effective:

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA"), on march 28, 2018, through Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2018 has notified the new standard for revenue recognition and amended certain existing Ind ASs which are effective for annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2018.

Ind As 115 – Revenue for Contract with Customers:

Ind AS115 will supersede the existing revenue recognition standard "Ind AS18-Revenue". The core principle of the new standard is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Further the new standard requires enhanced disclosures about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from the entity's contracts with customers.

The company has completed its preliminary evaluation of the possible impact of Ind AS 115 and will adopt it retrospectively with the cumulative effect of initially applying this standard recognized as an adjustment to the opening balance retained earnings at the date of initial application i.e. April 1, 2018 and accordingly comparative for the year ended March 31, 2018 will not be retrospectively only to the contracts that are not completed contracts at the date of initial application. The company does not expect the impact of the adoption of new standard to be material on its retained earnings and on its net income on an ongoing basis.

NOTE 1: BASIS OF PREPARATION, CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS, SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS:

Ind AS 21 – The effect of changes in Foreign Exchange Rates (Appendix B):

The amendment clarifies on the accounting of transaction that include the receipt or payment of advance consideration in a foreign currency. The appendix explains that the date of the transaction, for the purpose of determining the exchange rate, is the date of initial recognition of the non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability arising from the payment or receipt of advance consideration.

The amendment will come into force from April 1, 2018. The company does not expect the effect of this on the financial statements to be material based on preliminary evaluation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

2. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT:

		Gross Block	(S (At Cost)			Accumulated	Depreciation		Carryin	g Value
Nature of Assets	As at April 1, 2017	Additions/ Adjustments during the period	Deductions/ Retirement during the period	Balance as at March 31, 2018	As at April 1, 2017	For the year	Deductions/ Adjustments during the period	As at March 31, 2018	Balance as at March 31, 2018	Balance as at March 31, 2017
	(` Lakhs)	(` Lakhs)	(` Lakhs)	(`Lakhs)	(` Lakhs)	(` Lakhs)	(` Lakhs)	(`Lakhs)	(` Lakhs)	(`Lakhs)
Tangible Assets:										
Buildings (On Leasehold Land)	114.669.29	1,801.25		116.470.54	6.981.16	1,832.00	_	8,813.16	107.657.38	107,688.13
Ownership Flats (Freehold)	154.40	1,001.20		154.40	37.21	2.42	_	39.63	114.77	117.19
Plant and Equipment	22,912.01	227.75		23,139.76	6,171.21	1,563.64	_	7,734.85	15,404.91	16,740.80
Furniture, Fixtures and Office Equipments	24,532.47	927.87		25,460.34	5,207.29	2,445.77	_	7,653.06	17.807.28	19,325.18
Vehicles	76.98	-	6.09	70.89	58.16	9.74	6.09	61.81	9.08	18.82
Computers	169.56	38.41		207.97	106.40	21.86	-	128.26	79.71	63.16
Total (A)	162,514.71	2,995.28	6.09	165,503.90	18,561.43	5,875.43	6.09	24,430.77	141,073.13	143,953.28
Intangible Assets:										
Trademarks	0.46	<u>-</u>	_	0.46	0.33	0.03	-	0.36	0.10	0.13
Computer Software	205.55	11.64	-	217.19	109.79	17.21	-	127.00	90.19	95.76
Total (B)	206.01	11.64	-	217.65	110.12	17.25		127.37	90.29	95.89
Capital Work In Progress (C)	17.93		17.93		_		_		_	17.93
Capital Italian Togrood (o)	55		11.55							11.55
Total (A+B+C)	162,738.65	3,006.92	24.02	165,721.55	18,671.55	5,892.68	6.09	24,558.14	141,163.42	144,067.10
Previous Year	162,355.67	510.99	128.02	162,738.65	13,370.05	6,003.18	701.67	18,671.55	144,067.10	148,985.63

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

3 OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2018 (* Lakhs)	As at March 31, 2017 (` Lakhs)
Loan to Staff Insurance Claim Receivable Accounts Receivable -Others Deposit with SEBI under "SEBI Sahara Refund Account" (Refer Note no. 37) Fixed Deposit with Maturity after twelve months	10.30 8.39 245.11 99.00 13.00	14.80 8.39 245.11 99.00 21.86
TOTAL	375.80	389.16

4 DEFERRED TAX ASSETS (NET):

Particulars	As at March 31, 2018 (`Lakhs)	As at March 31, 2017 (` Lakhs)
Deferred Tax Assets		
Unabsorbed Depreciation	15,672.66	14,503.12
Disallowance U/s 43 B of the Income Tax Act, 1961	116.19	85.88
·	15,788.85	14,589.00
Less:		
<u>Deferred Tax Liability</u>		
Fixed Assets	12,047.08	10,039.74
	12,047.08	10,039.74
TOTAL	3,741.77	4,549.26

5 OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2018 (`Lakhs)	As at March 31, 2017 (`Lakhs)
Staff Advance	34.93	18.55
Capital Advances	204.55	493.73
Other Advances and receivables	101.80	172.26
Advance Taxes	337.82	330.18
MAT Credit Entitlement	504.56	504.56
TOTAL	1,183.66	1,519.28

6 INVENTORIES:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2018 (`Lakhs)	As at March 31, 2017 (`Lakhs)
Food and Beverages Stores and Operating Supplies Petrol and Allied Products	123.13 1,546.04 25.55	161.28 1,628.68 11.23
TOTAL	1,694.72	1,801.19

7 TRADE RECEIVABLES:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2018 (`Lakhs)	As at March 31, 2017 (`Lakhs)
Unsecured: Considered Good	2,020.54	1,312.46
Considered Doubtful Less: Allowance for Doubtful Receivables	127.41 (127.41)	91.53 (91.53)
(Refer Footnote)	-	-
TOTAL	2,020.54	1,312.46

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

Footnote:

Allowance for Doubtful Receivables:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2018 (`Lakhs)	As at March 31, 2017 (`Lakhs)
Opening Balance	91.53	25.31
Add: Allowance during the year	40.31	68.02
Less: Reversal of allowances no longer required	4.44	1.80
TOTAL	127.40	91.53

8 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2018 (`Lakhs)	As at March 31, 2017 (` Lakhs)
Balance with Banks Cheques on Hand Cash on Hand Others - Union Bank Rewards Points	76.84 - 7.16 2.54	22.32 5.40 14.32
TOTAL	86.54	42.04

9 OTHER BANK BALANCE:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2018 (`Lakhs)	As at March 31, 2017 (` Lakhs)
Fixed Deposit with Banks Maturity within less than twelve months (held by Bank as margin money for Guarantees & Letter of Credit given)	99.25	119.79
TOTAL	99.25	119.79

10 OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2018 (`Lakhs)	As at March 31, 2017 (`Lakhs)
Security Deposit: With Others Interest Accrued but not Due	40.28 0.90	33.88 0.79
TOTAL	41.18	34.67

11 OTHER CURRENT ASSETS:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2018 (* Lakhs)	As at March 31, 2017 (`Lakhs)
Prepaid Expenses	161.57	145.07
TOTAL	161.57	145.07

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

12 EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL:

	As at March	As at March 31, 2018		31, 2017
Particulars	No. of shares	Amount (`Lakhs)	No. of shares	Amount (`Lakhs)
Authorised Share Capital				
Equity Shares of `10/- each	70,000,000	7,000.00	70,000,000	7,000.00
	70,000,000	7,000.00	70,000,000	7,000.00
Issued, Subscribed & Paid up Capital				
Equity Shares of `10/- each fully paid up	57,112,047	5,711.20	57,112,047	5,711.20
(Refer Footnote i to v)				
Total	57,112,047	5,711.20	57,112,047	5,711.20

Footnote:

(i) Par Value per share:

The Authorised, Issued, Subscribed and Fully paid-up share capital comprises of equity shares having a par value of `10 each.

(ii) Share Holding:

All the Equity Shares are held by Sahara Prime City Limited - Holding Company and its Nominees.

(iii) Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year:

	As at March	As at March 31, 2018		As at March 31, 2017	
Particulars	No. of shares	Amount (`Lakhs)	No. of shares	Amount (`Lakhs)	
Equity Shares at the beginning of the year	57,112,047	5,711.20	57,112,047	5,711.20	
Add: Shares Issued during the year	-	-	-	-	
Less: Shares Bought Back during the year	-	-	-	-	
Equity Shares at the end of the year	57,112,047	5,711.20	57,112,047	5,711.20	

(iv) Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares:

- (a) The holders of the Equity Shares are entitled to receive dividend as and when declared from time to time, and are entitled to voting rights proportionate to their share holding at the meeting of shareholders.
- (b) In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of Equity Shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of Equity Shares held by the shareholders.

(v) The details of Shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company:

	As at March 31, 2018		As at March 31, 2017	
Name of the Shareholders	No. of shares	% of Holding	No. of shares	% of Holding
Sahara Prime City Limited including Nominees	57,112,047	100.00%	57,112,047	100.00%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

13 OTHER EQUITY:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2018 (`Lakhs)	As at March 31, 2017 (`Lakhs)
	(Lakiis)	(Lakiis)
Securities Premium Account		
Opening Balance	30,072.41	30,072.41
Add: Addition during the year	-	-
Closing Balance	30,072.41	30,072.41
Retained Earnings		
As per last balance sheet	(21,064.85)	(10,635.27)
Add: Profit /(Loss) for the year from Statement of Profit and Loss	(16,946.02)	(10,429.58)
Closing Balance	(38,010.87)	(21,064.85)
Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)		
As per last balance sheet	(10,969.36)	(10,959.78)
Add: Change in fair value of Preference Shares	- 1	-
Add: Actuarial Gain/(Loss)	2.09	(9.58)
Closing Balance	(10,967.27)	(10,969.36)
Total	(18,905.73)	(1,961.80)

14 BORROWINGS:

	As at March	31, 2018	As at March	31, 2017
Particulars	(Lak	hs)	(` Lakh	s)
	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Preference Share Capital				
Authorised				
Preference Shares of `10/- each	680,000,000	68,000.00	680,000,000	68,000.00
	680,000,000	68,000.00	680,000,000	68,000.00
Issued, Subscribed & Paid up Capital				
0.05% Non-Cumulative, Optionally Convertible, Redeemable Preference Shares of `10/- each fully paid up	586,500,000	87,918.14	572,500,000	79,852.41
Secured				
Term Loan From Bank- I		1,407.46		1,497.30
Term Loan From Bank- II		26,374.01		28,041.91
Term Loan From Bank- III		20,298.76 48,080.23		21,635.65 51,174.86
(Refer Footnote i to x)				
Total		135,998.37		131,027.27

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

Footnote:

(i) Par Value per share:

The Authorised, Issued, Subscribed and Fully paid-up preference share capital comprises non-cumulative, optionally convertible, redeemable preference shares having a par value of `10 each.

(ii) Share Holding:

46,85,00,000 Preference Shares are held by Sahara Prime City Limited - Holding Company, 7,40,00,000 Preference Shares are held by Sahara Q Shop Unique Products Range Limited, 3,00,00,000 Preference Shares are held by Sahara Credit Co-Operative Society Limited and 1,40,00,000 Preference Shares are held by Saharayn Universal Multi-Purpose Society Limited.

(iii) Reconciliation of the preference shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year:

	As at March	n 31, 2018	018 As at March 31, 201	
Particulars	No. of shares	Amount (`Lakhs)	No. of shares	Amount (`Lakhs)
Preference Shares at the beginning of the year	572,500,000	79,852.41	572,500,000	73,798.20
Add: Shares Issued during the year of the face value of ` 10 each	14,000,000	1,514.85	-	-
Add: Interest Expense on Preference Shares	-	6,550.88	-	6,054.21
Add: Fiar Value of Preference Shares	-	-	-	-
Less: Shares Redeemed during the year	-	-	-	-
Preference Shares at the end of the year	586,500,000	87,918.14	572,500,000	79,852.41

(iv) Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to preference shares:

- (a) The holders of Preference Shares are entitled to receive 0.05% dividend of the face value as and when declared.
- (b) 0.05%Non-Cumulative, Optionally Convertible, Redeemable Preference Shares will be redeemed or converted upon exercising the option. The redemption will be at `22/- per share after 10 years with the call option for premature redemption at a price equivalent to 12% per annum or part thereof on issue price or converted at book value per share or at Enterprise Value per share or at a price mutually agreed by parties.
- (C) 0.05% Non-Cumulative Preference Shares that are Optionally Convertible or Redeemable at `22/- per share after the expiry of 10 years from the date of issue of such shares. We presume that contractual obligation to deliver cash exists for redemption of such share at the above mentioned rate and the company cannot avoid the outflow of cash at the end of 10 year. Therefore, the preference shares has been classified as a financial liability at Amortized Cost using Effective rate of Interest and has accordingly been disclosed in the Balance Sheet under "Borrowings."

(v) The details of Preference Shareholders holding more than 5% shares:

Name of the Shareholders	As at March	h 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	
Name of the onarcholders	No. of shares	% of Holding	No. of shares	% of Holding
Sahara Prime City Limited	468,500,000	79.88%	468,500,000	81.83%
Sahara Q Shop Unique Products Range Limited	74,000,000	12.61%	74,000,000	12.93%
Sahara Credit Co-Operative Society Limited	30,000,000	5.11%	30,000,000	5.24%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

(vi) Term Loan From Bank - I:

Rupee Term loan from consortium of lenders namely Union Bank of India, UCO Bank, Bank of Baroda and Andhra Bank, secured by mortgage and pari passu charge on all immovable properties of the Company both present and future, first charge by hypothecation of all movable properties both present and future of the Company, Corporate Guarantee of Sahara Prime City Limited (as per the Loan agreement dated 14th February, 2005 and amendatory agreement dated 7th September 2006 and further amendatory agreement dated 29th January, 2013).

(vii) Term Loan From Bank - II:

Rupee Term loan from consortium of lenders namely Union Bank of India, Bank of Baroda, UCO Bank, Andhra Bank, IDBI Bank Limited, Corporation Bank and Karnataka Bank, secured by mortgage and pari passu charge on all immovable properties of the Company both present and future, first charge by hypothecation of all movable properties both present and future of the Company, Corporate Guarantee of Sahara Prime City Limited (as per the Loan agreement dated 3rd March, 2010 and addendum number 1 and 2 dated 29th January, 2013 and 22nd August, 2014 respectively).

(viii) Term Loan From Bank - III:

Rupee Term loan from consortium of lenders namely Union Bank of India, UCO Bank, Andhra Bank, Corporation Bank and Central Bank of India, secured by mortgage and charge on all immovable properties of the Company both present and future, first charge by hypothecation of all movable properties both present and future of the Company and irrevocable Corporate Guarantee of Sahara Prime City Limited (as per the common loan agreement dated 29th January, 2013 and addendum number 1 to common loan agreement dated 29th July, 2015).

The company in the consortium meeting held on 28th June, 2016 requested the term loan consortium member banks of Phase I, Phase II and Phase III for implementation of Flexible debt structuring scheme of Reserve bank of India and the same was implemented as per amendatory agreement dated 29th Nov, 2016.

Interest rates are linked to Lead Bank (i.e. Union Bank of India) 1 year Marginal Cost of funds based Lending Rate (MCLR) plus

margin and the loan is repayable in installments starting from Sepember, 2016 and ending in December 2028.

(ix) Default Period and Amount:

Period and amount of default as on the Balance Sheet date in repayment of borrowings and interest are as under:

Particulars	A	Amount (`in Lakhs)		Period of Dealy	
raiticulais	Borrowings	Interest	Total	(In days)	
Term Loan From Bank- I					
For Jan-2018	1.32	15.73	17.05	60	
For Feb-2018	1.32	14.32	15.64	60	
For Mar-2018	1.32	15.78	17.10	60	
Term Loan From Bank- II					
For Jan-2018	24.65	301.63	326.28	31	
For Feb-2018	24.65	241.06	265.71	31	
For Mar-2018	24.65	297.82	322.47	31	
Term Loan From Bank- III					
For Jan-2018	22.13	226.74	248.87	1	
For Feb-2018	22.13	204.30	226.43	1	
For Mar-2018	22.13	221.68	243.81	1	

(x) Maturity Profile of Secured Term Loans are as set out below:

Particulars	F.Y.2018-19	F.Y.2019-20	F.Y.2020-21 and Onwards
	(`Lakhs)	(`Lakhs)	(`Lakhs)
Term Loan From Bank- I	44.46	88.92	1,327.90
Term Loan From Bank- II	824.95	1,649.90	24,638.51
Term Loan From Bank- III	637.50	1,275.00	19,040.00

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

15 OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILIITIES:

Particulars	As at	As at	
	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	
	(`Lakhs)	(`Lakhs)	
Security and Other Deposits	1,140.39	983.86	
Deferred Income (Security Deposit)	378.78	491.20	
Payable to Contractors	7,383.79	4,981.73	
Retention Money	1,534.05	1,621.70	
Others	91.63	91.63	
TOTAL	10,528.64	8,170.12	

16 PROVISIONS:

Particulars	As at	As at	
	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	
	(`Lakhs)	(`Lakhs)	
Provision for Employee Benefits			
Provision for Leave Encashment	10.41	27.79	
Provision for Gratuity	45.65	75.19	
Provision for Bonus	17.56	9.60	
Total	73.62	112.58	

17 OTHER NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2018 (Lakhs)	As at March 31, 2017 (`Lakhs)
Security Deposit with Government Authorities and Other Deposits	2,454.01	2,791.49
Total	2,454.01	2,791.49

18 BORROWINGS:

	As at	As at
Particulars	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
	(`Lakhs)	(`Lakhs)
Current Portion of Long-Term Borrowings	3,190.28	703.23
Short - term borrowings Secured		
Loans Repayable on Demand		
Rupee Loan (refer footnote (i))	2,601.30	2,067.18
Unsecured		
Loans Repayable on Demand		
From Others		
Rupee Loan	240.00	150.00
Total	6,031.58	2,920.41

Footnotes:

(i) Rupee Loan from Banks consists of Working Capital facilities including Credit Card Facilities. These are secured by way of hypothecation of all book debts, inventories/stocks, both present and future of the company. Cash credit is additionally secured by second charge of all the movable and immovable properties, both present and future, irrevocable corporate guarantee from M/s Sahara Prime City Limited.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

19 TRADE PAYABLES:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2018 (`Lakhs)	As at March 31, 2017 (`Lakhs)
Trade Payables		
Micro and Small Enterprises (Refer Footnotes i & ii)	294.88	154.81
Others for Goods and Services	3,869.16	2,769.80
Total	4,164.04	2,924.61

Footnotes:

(i) The amount due to Micro and Small Enterprises as defined in the "The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act,2006" has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information collected by the Management and has been relied upon by the Auditors.

(ii) Disclosures relating to Micro and Small Enterprises are as under:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2018 (`Lakhs)	As at March 31, 2017 (`Lakhs)
(a) The Principal amount remaining unpaid to supplier as at the end of the accounting year.	294.88	154.81
(b) The interest due thereon remaining unpaid to supplier as at the end of the accounting year.	-	-
(c) The amount of interest paid in terms of section 16, along with the amount of payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the year.	-	-
(d) The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under this Act.	-	-
(e) The amount of interest accrued during the year and remaining unpaid at the end of the accounting year.	-	-
(f) The amount of further interest due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid.	-	-

20 OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILIITES:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2018 (`Lakhs)	As at March 31, 2017 (`Lakhs)
Deferred Income (Security Deposit)	106.65	146.92
Current Financial Liabilities - Others	399.90	288.31
TOTAL	506.55	435.23

21 SHORT TERM PROVISIONS:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2018 (`Lakhs)	As at March 31, 2017 (`Lakhs)
Provision for Employees Benefits (refer note 31)		
Provision for Gratuity	37.99	4.65
Provision for Leave Encashment	4.71	4.56
Total	42.70	9,21

22 OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2018 (* Lakhs)	As at March 31, 2017 (`Lakhs)
Statutory Dues and Other Accruals	3,280.01	1,075.81
Advance from Customers	490.39	304.36
Other Advances	193.07	459.53
Total	3,963.47	1,839.70

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

23 REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS:

Particulars	March 31, 2018 (`Lakhs)	March 31, 2017 (`Lakhs)
Room Income	6,107.11	5,663.02
Food and Beverages	8,244.55	7,827.24
Banquet Rentals	1,216.97	1,659.00
Other Rentals	322.49	221.61
Sale of Petrol and Allied Products	5,348.46	5,524.33
Other Services	183.86	264.18
Total	21,423.44	21,159.38

24 OTHER INCOME:

Particulars	March 31, 2018 (`Lakhs)	March 31, 2017 (`Lakhs)
Interest Income (Gross)		
On Deposit with Banks and Post office	8.93	17.15
On Others	11.19	0.83
on outside	20.12	17.98
Net Gain On Foreign Currency Transaction	2.60	3.77
Other Non-Operating Income	53.96	187.97
Unwinding of deferred income on security deposits accepted	152.74	152.74
Excess Depreciation Charged prior to F.Y. 2016-17	-	701.54
Total	229.42	1,064.00

25 COST OF MATERIALS CONSUMED

Particulars	March 31, 2018 (`Lakhs)	March 31, 2017 (`Lakhs)
Consumption of Food, Beverages and Smokes Consumption of Stores and Supplies Consumption of Petrol and Allied Products	2,155.92 338.54 5,172.82	2,232.36 355.40 5,367.88
Total	7,667.28	7,955.64

26 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE:

Particulars	March 31, 2018 (`Lakhs)	March 31, 2017 (` Lakhs)
Salaries and Wages Contribution to Provident and Other Funds Staff Welfare Expenses	1,637.10 69.40 220.69	1,647.28 63.80 225.08
Total	1,927.19	1,936.16

27 FINANCE COSTS:

Particulars	March 31, 2018 (` Lakhs)	March 31, 2017 (`Lakhs)
Interest Expense on Borrowings Interest Expense on Preference Shares Other Borrowing Costs Interest cost on fair valuation of security deposit	7,036.86 6,665.73 33.27 138.23	7,056.67 6,054.21 119.27 121.20
Total	13,874.09	13,351.35

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

28 OTHER EXPENSES:

Particulars	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
	(` Lakhs)	(` Lakhs)
Operating Expenses		
Fuel, Power, Light and Water Charges	1,837.29	1,539.68
Soft Furnishings and Laundry Charges	312.63	291.17
Payment for Outsourced Services	1,384.31	1,421.56
Repairs to Buildings	446.90	391.28
Repairs to Plant and Machinery	522.86	610.85
Repairs to Others	77.62	107.29
Commission on Sales	701.98	542.43
Guest Transportation	119.50	84.04
Advertisement, Publicity and Marketing	127.07	170.88
Other Operating Expenses	1,192.13	956.92
	6,722.29	6,116.10
General Expenses		
Printing and Stationery	72.24	84.89
Lease Rent	784.86	595.83
Licence Fees	104.79	77.77
Rates and Taxes	308.08	255.18
Insurance	76.31	78.03
Auditors' Remuneration (Refer Footnote)	3.00	3.00
Professional and Retainership Fees	296.78	432.21
Doubtful Debts Provision	61.79	96.60
	1,707.85	1,623.51
Total	8,430.14	7,739.61

Footnote:

Auditors Remuneration:

Particulars	March 31, 2018 (`Lakhs)	March 31, 2017 (`Lakhs)
Audit Fees Tax Audit Fees	2.25 0.75	2.25 0.75
Total	3.00	3.00

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

29. Contingent Liabilities (to the extent not provided for):

a) In respect of claims against the Company:

	2017-18 (` Lakhs)	2016-17 (`Lakhs)
Bank Guarantees issued on behalf of the Company	315.53	346.55
Other Money for which the company is Contingently liable -Letter of Credit	-	40.50

In respect of Bank Guarantees and Letter of Credit, the Company has given Counter Guarantee to Union Bank of India for the entire non-fund based facility of `2,000.00 Lakhs (Previous Year `2,000.00 Lakhs).

b) The Company had raised in the past a claim of `235.67 Lakhs, based on independent professional report, on Hotel Corporation of India Limited who had raised a counter claim of `439.15 Lakhs which the Company had not accepted. The matter had been under arbitration and on 19th April 2011, the Hon'ble Arbitral Tribunal had awarded a sum of `188.49/- Lakhs together with interest at State Bank of India prime lending rate plus 2% per annum from 15.08.2002 along with `40.00 Lakhs towards costs. The Company has challenged the said award before the Hon'ble High Court of Mumbai and on 08th May, 2015, the Arbitral award was set aside. The Hotel Corporation of India has preferred an appeal against the said Order of the High Court, which is admitted and pending for hiring. The Company has in the meantime invoked fresh arbitration claiming a sum of `235.67 lakhs plus interest on Hotel Corporation of India.

30. Capital Commitments:

Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account net of capital advances and not provided for `NIL (Previous Year ` 55.31 Lakhs).

31. Employee Benefits:

a) The Company has recognized the following expenses as Defined Contribution Plan for the year which are as under:

	2017-18	2016-17
	(`Lakhs)	(`Lakhs)
Employer's Contribution to Provident Fund	15.26	17.88
Employer's Contribution to Pension Scheme	17.41	24.37

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

- b) Employees' gratuity obligation, which is a defined benefit plan, is met by the company as and when the employees leave the organization. The present value of obligation is determined based on actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit Method. The obligation for leave encashment is recognized in the same manner as gratuity.
- i) Gratuity Disclosure Statement as per Indian Accounting Standard 19 (Ind-AS 19) for the period 01/04/2017 31/03/2018:

	Current Period	Previous Period
Type of Benefit	Gratuity	Gratuity
Country	India	India
Reporting Currency	INR	INR
Reporting Standard	Indian Accounting	Indian Accounting
	Standard – 19	Standard – 19
	(Ind AS 19)	(Ind AS 19)
Funding Status	Unfunded	Unfunded
Starting Period	01-04-2017	01-04-2016
Date of Reporting	31-03-2018	31-03-2017
Period of Reporting	12 Months	12 Months

Assumptions (Current Period)			
Expected Return on Plan Assets	N.A.	N.A.	
Rate of Discounting	7.71%	6.82%	
Rate of Salary Increase	5.00%	5.00%	
Rate of Employee Turnover	For Service 4 years and below 20% p.a.; For Service 5 years and above 5% p.a.		
Mortality Rate During Employment	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08)	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08)	
Mortality Rate After Employment	N.A.	N.A.	

SAHARA HOSPITALITY LIMITED NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

		Gratuity (l	
		2017-18	2016-17
а)	Change in the Present Value of Projected Benefit Obligation:	(` Lakhs)	(`Lakhs)
	Present Value of Benefit obligation at the beginning of the	79.85	63.25
	year.		
	Current Service Cost	9.31	9.37
	Interest Cost	5.45	5.07
	Past Service Cost	-	-
	Benefit Paid from the fund	-	-
	Benefit Paid Directly by the Employer	(8.88)	(7.43)
	Actuarial Gains/(Losses) on Obligations – Due to change in	-	2.91
	Demographic Assumptions		
	Actuarial Gains/(Losses) on Obligations – Due to change in	(4.17)	7.60
	Financial Assumptions		
	Actuarial Gains/(Losses) on Obligations – Due to	2.08	(0.93)
	Experience		
	Present Value of Benefit obligation at the end of the period	83.64	79.85
b)	Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of fair value of plan assets		
	Fair value of plan assets at beginning of the period	-	-
	Expected Return on Plan Assets	-	-
	Contributions by the Employer	-	-
	Benefits Paid from the fund	-	-
	Return on Plan Assets, Excluding Interest Income	-	-
	Fair Value of Plan assets at year end of the period	-	-
c)	Reconciliation of fair value of assets and Obligations		
	Fair value of plan assets at the end of the Period	-	-
	Present value of obligation at the end of the Period	(83.64)	(79.85)
	Funded Status (Surplus/(Deficit))	(83.64)	(79.85)
	Net Asset / (Liability) recognized in Balance Sheet	(83.64)	(79.85)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

		2017-18	2016-17
		(`Lakhs)	(`Lakhs)
d)	Net Interest Cost for Current Period		
	Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the Beginning of	79.85	63.25
	the Period		
	Fair Value of Plan Assets at the beginning of the Period	-	-
	Net Asset/(Liability) at the Beginning	79.85	63.25
	Interest Cost	5.45	5.07
	(Interest Income)	- - 4-	- - 07
	Net Interest Cost for the Current Period	5.45	5.07
e)	Expenses recognized in the Statement of Profit or		
	Loss for Current Period		
	Current Service Cost	9.31	9.37
	Net Interest Cost	5.45	5.07
	Past Service Cost	_	_
	(Expected Contributions by the Employees)	-	-
	(Gains)/Losses on Curtailments and Settlements	-	-
	Net Effect of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates	-	-
	Expenses recognized	14.76	14.43
f)	Expenses recognized in the Other Comprehensive		
',	Income (OCI) for Current Period		
	Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Obligation for the Period	(2.09)	9.58
	Return on Plan Assets, Excluding Interest Income	(2.00)	-
	Change in Asset Ceiling	-	_
	Net Income/(Expense) for the period recognized in OCI	(2.09)	9.58
	The meeting (Expense) for the period recognized in Ser	(2.00)	0.00

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

ii) The Company has made provision for leave salary on actuarial valuation basis. This being retirement benefit, an obligation to pay this amount might arise at the time of separation of the employees. The breakup of the same is as under:

Nature of obligation	Carrying amount at the beginning of the period (`Lakhs)	Additional provisions made during the year (`Lakhs)	Amounts incurred and charged against the provision during the period (`Lakhs)	Unused amounts reversed during the period (`Lakhs)	Carrying amount at the end of the period (`Lakhs)
FY 2017-18	32.35	-	(17.22)	-	15.13
FY 2016-17	25.63	8.56	(1.84)	-	32.35

The estimate of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, takes into account inflation, seniority, promotions and other relevant factors. The above information has been certified by actuary and has been relied upon by the auditors.

32. Operating Lease:

The land for the hotel is on Operating The total lease rent including Minimum Guaranteed Annual Payment, on the same amounting to `736.33 Lakhs (Previous year `595.83 Lakhs) is recognized during the year. The lease rental including Minimum Guaranteed Annual Payment of future lease rental payables in respect thereof are as follows:-

Particulars	March 31, 2018 (` Lakhs)	March 31, 2017 (` Lakhs)
Not Later than One Year	792.65	782.99
Later than one year but not later than 5 years	3,554.48	3,289.15
Later than 5 years	10,385.54	11,443.51

33. Quantitative information in respect of petrol and high-speed diesel:

	2017-18 (in Litres)	2016-17 (in Litres)
Opening Stock	24,912	15,886
Purchases	80,92,000	87,12,000
Turnover *	80,85,813	87,02,974
Closing Stock	31,099	24,912
	======	=======

^{*} After adjusting evaporation loss of 12,879 Litres (Previous year 15,024 Litres)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

34. CIF Value of Imports:

	2017-18 (` Lakhs)	2016-17 (` Lakhs)
Inventory	12.84	23.30
Capital Goods	3.69	135.92
35. Expenditure in Foreign Exchange:		
	2017-18 (` Lakhs)	2016-17 (` Lakhs)
Travelling		
Travelling Professional Consultancy Fees & other matters	(`Lakhs)	(`Lakhs)

36. Earnings in Foreign Exchange:

<u> </u>	2017-18	2016-17
	(` Lakhs)	(` Lakhs)
Revenue Receipts	1,765.21	1,948.95

37. In the matter of dispute in respect of repayment of Optionally Fully Convertible Debentures (OFCDs) by two group companies namely M/s Sahara India Real Estate Corporation Limited and Sahara Housing Investment Corporation Limited, the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India by its order dated 21st November 2013, had directed that both of the above companies as well as group companies and its promoters shall not part with any movable and immovable property till further orders. However, properties or bank accounts of the company have not been attached / frozen by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) and the Hotel is continuing operation in the normal course of business. As on date, the aforesaid case is pending before the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India. Further, the company has deposited `99.00 lakhs in "SEBI Sahara Refund Account" during the financial year i.e. 2016-17.

38. Related Party Disclosures:

Related Party Disclosures, as required by "Indian Accounting Standard: 24 (Ind AS-24)" are given below:

- a) Holding Company: Sahara Prime City Limited.
- b) Individuals having control over the Company: Shri Subrata Roy Sahara, Director.
- c) Key Management Personnel: Mr. Muneesh Sodhi (Chief Executive Officer), Mr. Vivek Kumar (Chief Executive Officer), Mr. Nitin Prajapati (Chief Financial Officer) and Mr. Abhishek Jain (Company Secretary).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

Details of related parties and transactions during the year ended March 31, 2018:

1. Enterprises over which persons specified in (b) and (c) above, have significant influence:

Sr. No.	Name
1.	Sahara India Commercial Corporation Limited
2.	Sahara India Financial Corporation Limited
3.	Aamby Valley Limited
4.	Sahara India (Firm)
5.	Sahara One Media and Entertainment Limited
6.	Sahara Pure Eatables Corporation Limited
7.	Sahara Global Design Studio Limited
8.	Sahara Asset Management Company Private Limited
9.	Sahara Global Mastercraft Limited
10.	Sahara Adventure Sports Limited
11.	Sahara India CAPSAC Limited
12.	Sahara Q Shop Unique Products Range Limited
13.	Sahara Universal Minings Corporation Limited
14.	Sahara Infrastructure and Housing Limited
15.	Sahara India Mass Communication (Firm)
16.	Sahara India Limited
17.	Aamby Valley Airport Project Limited
18.	Qing Ambay City Developers Corporation Limited
19.	Aamby Valley Global Sports Limited
20.	Aamby Valley Green Golf Limited
21.	Aamby Valley Mega Retails Limited
22.	Aamby Entertainment Services Limited
23.	AVL Canal Limited
24.	AVL Land Holdings Company Limited
25.	AVL Royal Apartments Limited
26.	AVL Villas Limited
27.	AVL Hotels and Resorts Limited
28.	Sahara Q Gold Mart Limited
29.	Sahara School Holding Limited
30.	Sahara Worldwide Limited
31.	Sudhir Chandra Sahara Sugar Industry Limited

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

2. DETAILS OF KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL OF HOLDING COMPANY - 'SAHARA PRIME CITY LIMITED' FOR FINANCIAL YEAR 2017-18:

Name of the Key Managerial Personnel	Relationship
Shri Madhukar	Director
Shri Swapan Ghosh	Director
Shri Devi Dayal	Director
Shri Tapas Kumar Subodh Basak	Director
Shri Rana Zia	Director
Shri Amitesh Ahuja	Chief Executive Officer
Shri Rudra Nath Yadav	Chief Financial Officer

3. Details of related party transactions during the year ended March 31, 2018.

Description of transaction	Holding Company	Individuals having control over the Company	Key Management Personnel	Enterprise over which person specified in (b) and (c) above have significant influence.
	(`Lakhs)	(`Lakhs)	(`Lakhs)	(`Lakhs)
Sales/ Rentals/ Misc	3.69	-	-	642.86
Income (including taxes)	(3.18)	(-)	(-)	(457.85)
Current liability	-	-	-	91.13
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(91.54)
Remuneration	-	-	217.62	-
Paid/Payable (Gross)	(-)	(-)	(250.56)	(-)

Note: Figures in bracket represent previous year amounts.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

4. Balance Outstanding as at March 31, 2018.

Description of transaction	Holding Company	Individuals having control over the Company	Key Management Personnel	Enterprise over which person specified in (b) and (c) above have significant influence.
	(`Lakhs)	(`Lakhs)	(`Lakhs)	(`Lakhs)
Trade Receivable	5.12 (7.58)	(-)	(-)	1072.12 (362.23)
Security Deposit	(-)	- (-)	- (-)	(62.32)
Trade Payable	(-)	- (-)	- (-)	13.69 (11.99)
Loans and Advances	(-)	(-)	- (-)	50.00 (50.00)
Other Payable	0.00 (5.00)	(-)	(-)	139.83 (255.29)

Note: Figures in bracket represent previous year amounts.

5. Statement of Material Transactions.

	March 31, 2018	March 31,2017
Name of the company	(` Lakhs)	(` Lakhs)
I) Holding Company		
Sahara Prime City Limited		
Sales of Services	3.69	3.18
II) Remuneration to Key Management Personal		
Mr. Muneesh Sodhi	15.26	-
Mr. Vivek Kumar	174.38	226.89
Mr. Nitin Prajapati	14.58	11,71
Mr. Abhishek Jain	13.40	11.96
II) Enterprise over which persons specified in		
(b) and (c) above, have significant influence:		
Sahara Q Shop Unique Products Range Limited		
Sales of Services	36.17	36.17
Sahara India (Firm)		
Sale of Services	121.71	105.88
Sahara India Commercial Corporation Limited		
Sale of Services	50.30	50.01
Aamby Valley Limited		
Sale of Services	378.19	246.29
Current Liability	-	90.00

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

39. Segmental Reporting:

A. Primary Segment Report

Information about Business Segment	2017-18 (` Lakhs)	
Segment Revenue:	(Lakiis)	(Lakiis)
a. Hotel b. Income from Petrol Pump	•	16,699.05 5,524.33
Total Revenue	21,652.86	22,223.38
Segment Results:	=======	=======
Profit before tax: a. Hotel b. Petrol Pump	124.55	(14,843.76) 81.19
Total Profit	-	(14,762.56)
Other Information:	======	=======
Segment Assets a. Hotel b. Petrol Pump	1,50,406.73 161.72	1,53,822.43 157.59
Total	1,50,568.45	• •
Segment Liabilities a. Hotel b. Petrol Pump	1,50,539.24 29.21	1,52,940.01 40.01
Total	1,50,568.45 ======	1,53,980.02 ======

B. Secondary Segment Report

The company primarily operates from Mumbai and does not have any other geographically located segment.

Notes: The above segment results for hotel include:

	2017-2018 (` Lakhs)	2016-2017 (` Lakhs)
a. Depreciation	5,892.68	6,003.18
	5,892.68	6,003.18
	=======	=======

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

40. Earnings Per Share:

Particulars	2017-18	2016-17
Profit / (Loss) after Tax (`Lakhs)	(16,946.02)	(10,429.58)
Weighted No. of Equity shares:		
Basic	57,112,047	57,112,047
Diluted	57,112,047	57,112,047
Earnings / (Loss) Per Share		
Basic (`)	(29.67)	(18.26)
Diluted (`)	(29.67)	(18.26)
	10.00	10.00
Face Value per Equity Share (`)		

41. Financial Instruments:

i. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to perform or pay the amounts due causing financial loss to the company. Credit risk arises from company's activities in investments, dealing in derivatives and outstanding receivables from customers. The company has a prudent and conservative process for managing its credit risk arising in the course of its business activities.

Exposure to Credit Risk

The Company maintains exposure in cash and cash equivalents, term deposits with banks, government securities.

The Company maximum exposure to credit risk as at 31st March, 2018 and 2017 is the carrying value of each class of financial assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

ii. Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk arises from the Company's inability to meet its cash flow commitments on time. The company's liquidity is managed with own self generated cash flow.

Maturity Profile of Loans and Derivative Financial Liabilities as on 31st March 2018

(`Lakhs)

Particulars	Carrying	Contractual Cash Flow		
Non-Derivative Liabilities	Amount	0-12 Months	1-3 Years	Total
Borrowings	1,42,029.94	6,031.58	1,35,998.36	1,42,029.94
Trade Payables	4,164.05	4,164.05	-	4,164.05
Other Financial Liabilities	11,035.13	506.55	10,528.58	11,035.13

Maturity Profile of Loans and Derivative financial Liabilities as on 31st March 2017

(`Lakhs)

Particulars	Carrying	Contractual Cash Flow		
Non-Derivative Liabilities	Amount	0-12 Months	1-3 Years	Total
Borrowings	1,33,947.68	2,920.41	1,31,027.27	1,33,947.68
Trade Payables	2,924.61	2,924.61	-	2,924.61
Other Financial Liabilities	8,605.35	435.23	8,170.12	8,605.35

- **42.** Necessary provision for Trade Receivables, Loans and Advances which were not considered as good has been made and balance amount has been considered as good and recoverable and are taken at book value because their carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value. The same are subject to confirmation, reconciliation and consequential adjustments, if any.
- **43.** All Group company balances shown under Trade Receivables/Trade Payables/ Other Non-Current Financial Liabilities/ Other Current Liabilities are subject to reconciliation and confirmation and consequential adjustments, if any.
- **44.** Miscellaneous expenses do not include any items of expenses which exceeds 1% of Revenue from Operation or `1, 00,000/- whichever is higher.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

- 45. The financial statements are presented in Indian rupees rounded off to the nearest rupees in Lakhs.
- Previous year figures have been regrouped, re-arranged, and recast wherever necessary.

As per our Report even date

For and on behalf of the Board

For D.S.Shukla & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn No. 000773C

O.P.Srivastava Director DIN-00144000

J.B.Roy Director DIN-00432043

Praveen Kumar Agarwa

Partner V Membership No 416717 Muprosh Sodhi

Chief Executive Officer Chief Financial Officer

Company Secretary

Abhishek Jain

Place: Mumbai Date: 06/09/2018